The Hong Kong Daily Press.

No. 2051 號一千五百九十二第 日四初月三 年卯丁治同 HONGKONG, MONDAY, 8TH APRIL, 1867. 一拜禮 號七月四英 港香 [PRICE $2½ PER MONTH

Arrivals.

Apr. 5, H.M. g-b. HAVOC, from a Cruize.
Apr. 6, MAIAV, Amer. sh., 812, Dudley, New York, Nov. 17th, General.—AUG. HEARD & Co.
Apr. 6, BIRONGROVE, Brit. bk., 518, Wickman, Bangkok, Feb. 2nd, 11,000 piculs Rice.—E. SCHELHAAS & Co.
Apr. 6, FRISCH, Hamb. sch., 180, J. Tutien, Whampoa, April 4th, General.—BOURJAU, HUBENER & Co.
Apr. 6, FORMOSA, Prus. bq'tine, 275, Paulsen, Hamburg, Oct. 28th, General.—BOURJAU, HUBENER & Co.
Apr. 6, LORD RAGLAN, Brit. bk., 477, Williams, Bangkok, 25th Feb. 10,000 piculs Rice.—SMITH, KENNEDY & Co.
Apr. 6, OTTO, Prus. bk., 238, N. O. Grannebeck, Hamburg 23rd October, General.—SIEMSSEN & Co.
Apr. 6, GUTZRAT, from Whampoa.
Apr. 7, SUNDA, Brit. str., 1,217, Scames, Shanghai, 4th April, General.—P. & O. Co.

Departures.

Apr. 6, GLENGYLE, str., for Shanghai.
Apr. 5, B. L. HABEMAN, for Bangkok.
Apr. 6, CHINA, for Japan.
Apr. 6, MARGARETHA SIEMONSEN, for Batavia via Macao.
Apr. 6, MATILDE, for Newchwang.
Apr. 6, R. PRATALONGO, for Whampoa.
Apr. 6, YUNG-HAI-AN, for Shanghai.
Apr. 6, JACOBUS, for Yokohama.
Apr. 7, HARRIET, for Nagasaki.
Apr. 7, COLIMA, for Tientsin.
Apr. 7, CARMELINE, for Saigon.
Apr. 8, ST. MAGNUS, for Whampoa.
Apr. 8, CLAN ALPINE, str., for Aberdeen.

Clearances.

AT THE HARBOUR MASTER'S OFFICE, APRIL 8TH, 1867.

Colima, for Tientsin.
Jacobus, for Yokohama.
Yung-hai-an, for Shanghai.
R. Pratalongo, for Whampoa.
Carmeline, for Saigon.
St. Magnus, for Whampoa.
Ariel, for Saigon.

Passengers.

Per "Sunda," str., from Shanghai.
Messrs. Whittall, Paumcfote, and 80 Chinese.
Per Glengyle (str.) 5 Chinese: *Carmeline*, 20 Chinese, and *Colima*, 3 Chinese.

Reports.

The Prussian barquentine *Formosa*, from Hamburg, October 28th, 1866, reports having experienced a continuation of very heavy S.W. and N.W. gales both in the North Sea and English Channel: fell in with the N.E. trade in Lat. 32 N., and kept in lat. 2 N. and at once caught the S.E. trades, crossed the line December 17th in 29 West; carried fair S.E. trades as far as 28 S., thence to the Cape light variable winds; passed the Meridian of the Cape January 16th, Amsterdam Is. February 3rd, Lombock Straits Feb. 26th, Salaer Straits 28th, had very light winds all through the Islands; On March 10th passed the Hamburg 3-masted schooner *Uhlsen* in the Gilolo Passage, from Sourabaya bound for Macao, and on the 16th the Hamburg barque *Mauritius* from Sourabaya to Amoy; had N.E. by winds and fine weather to Formosa and fresh N.N.E. breezes with thick weather and a high sea in the Formosa Channel, thence fine weather till arrival.

The British barque *Lord Raglan*, from Bangkok, February 25th, reports light airs in the Gulf of Siam and prevailing easterly winds up the China sea after passing the shoals; ship *James Thissell* ready for sea.

The British steamer *Sunda*, from Shanghai, April 4th, passed steamer *Kaowaida* off Woosung, bound in; and steamer *Singapore* off the light ship; on the 6th British ship *Maitland* to the Southward of Ockseir; on the 7th steamer *Yunghai-an* off *Pedro Blanco*; experienced moderate winds from the N.E. to N.W. and cloudy weather, latter part fresh N.E. breezes.

The British bark *Birchgrove*, from Bangkok, Feb. 2nd, reports light variable winds and calms throughout the passage. On April 4th, spoke in Lat. 21.15 N., Long. 118.54 E. the Hamburg barque *Hans*, 16 days from Hongkong bound for Newchwang.

The Prussian bark *Otto*, from Hamburg, Oct. 23rd, reports having experienced heavy gales from the Cape of Good Hope to the N.W. Cape of Australia, with a heavy sea and the vessel labouring much; came by the Eastern passage and experienced moderate and variable winds until arrival.

Auction Sales To-day.

None.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co. beg to call attention to a new and carefully selected assortment of GENTLEMEN'S JEWELLERY, from one of the best London Houses.
14d 836 Hongkong, 5th April, 1867.

WANTED a Situation as Butler; Head Servant, Steward on board ship or Servant to a Gentleman or Lady and Children travelling to India, England, &c. Good References. Address "D. ARGO," *Daily Press* Office.
18d 845 Hongkong, 6th April, 1867.

WANTED on BOTTOMRY $2,500, for REPAIRS of the British barque "*ATEEVIDA*." Tenders are required to be sent to the Undersigned until Noon of the 9th April, 1867.
AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.
5d 838 Hongkong, 5th April, 1867.

PARTNER.—Wanted a Partner with from Tls. 7,000 to Tls. 10,000 capital to join a good Mercantile business at one of the Outports.
Address "P.Q. Merchant," Office *North China Daily News*.
7d 823 Shanghai, 12th March, 1867. [Ap8

ASSISTANT WANTED. Apply by letter only to G., office of this paper.
tf 512 Hongkong, 22nd February, 1867.

UNION DOCK COMPANY OF HONGKONG & WHAMPOA, LIMITED
STEAM-TUG "LITTLE ORPHAN."
THIS Powerful Tug is available at any time to Berth Vessels in this Harbour, or to Tow them to or from sea.
For particulars, apply to the Captain on board or to J. B. ENDICOTT, *Secretary*.
2566 Hongkong, 12th October, 1866.

NOTICE.
HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK Co., LIMITED.
STEAM-TUG "FAME."
110 *H. P.* NOMINAL
With Disconnecting Engines.
THIS powerful TUG, is available at any moment to Berth Vessels in Harbour, or Tow them to or from sea.
For particulars, apply to the Captain on board, or to the Office of the Company, *d'Aguilar Street*, Hongkong.
JOHN S. LAPRAIK, *Secretary*.
2296 Hongkong, 13th October, 1866.

Banks.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON & CHINA.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.
CAPITAL PAID-UP £750,000.
With power to increase to £1,500,000.
Reserved Fund, £250,000.
Head Office—No. 65, *Old Broad Street, London, E.C.*
COURT OF DIRECTORS.
George Garden Nicol, Esq.—*Chairman.*
Ednied Larnach, Esq. | Ellis James Gilman, Esq.
George May, Esq. | David Trail Robertson, Esq. ex Officio.
Sir Frederick J. Halliday.
James M. Robertson, Esq.
David Trail Robertson, Esq.—*Chief Manager.*
William Beattie, Esq.—*Assistant Manager.*
Walter Oranston, Esq.—*Secretary.*
William Jackson, Esq.—*Inspector of Branches and Agencies.*
LONDON BANKERS.
Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank.
SOLICITORS.
Messrs. Clarke, Sons, & Rawlins, Coleman St.
AUDITORS.
Messrs. Coleman, Turquand, Youngs & Co., Public Accountants.
J. Smith, Esq., of Messrs. W. Nicol & Co., Bombay.
James Joseph Mackenzie, Esq., late of Messrs. Dent & Co., China.
Branches and Agencies.
Bombay.
Calcutta.
Madras.
Ceylon { Colombo. Kandy. Galle.
Singapore.
Penang.
Shanghai.
Yokohama.
Hankow.
Mauritius.
Saigon.
Batavia.
EDINBURGH DEPOSIT AGENCY, 128, George Street.
CHARLES PEARSON, Esq., C.A.—Agent.
HONGKONG BRANCH.
Current deposits.—Accounts are kept on which no interest is allowed and no charge made for collecting Bills, Cheques, &c.
Fixed deposits.—Are received viz:—
Repayable at 12 months' ..... 6 % per annum.
" at 6 " ..... 5 % per annum.
The Bank discounts Local Bills, and Notes payable in Hongkong having at least two approved names unconnected in general partnership, and makes advances on approved Banking Securities.
Exchange.
The Bank issues drafts on its London Office, and on the London Joint Stock Bank at six months' sight, also on its Branches above, and Agents in Scotland, Ireland, Melbourne, Sydney, and Towns in Australia, New Zealand, &c., and grants Circular Notes for the use of travellers negotiable in all Towns of importance throughout the world.
Bills payable in Europe or in any of the above mentioned places are purchased or remitted for collection.
Further information as to the rules of business may be obtained at the office, or on application by letter to the Manager.
Office hours—10 to 3, Saturday 10 to 1.
WILLIAM JACKSON, *Manager.*
2, Queen's Road, 5 March, 1866.

THE ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 30th *August*, 1851.
PAID-UP CAPITAL, £1,500,000.
RESERVED FUND, £444,000.
Court of Directors.
Harry George Gordon, Esq., Chairman.
William Scott Binny, Esq., Deputy-Chairman.
James Blyth, Esq.
Duncan James Kay, Esq.
Alexander Mackenzie, Esq.
Lostock Robert Reid, Esq.
Patrick F. Robertson, Esq., M.P.
James Walker, Esq.
Charles J. F. Stuart, Esq., Chief Manager.
Bankers.
The Bank of England.
The Union Bank of London.
Agents in Scotland.
National Bank of Scotland.
Commercial Bank of Scotland.
Agent in Edinburgh.
R. Dundas Cay.
23, St. Andrew's Square, Edinburgh.
Agents in Ireland.
Provincial Bank of Ireland.
The National Bank.
Head Office.
Threadneedle Street, London, E.C.
Branches and Agencies.
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, PONDICHERRY, KURRACHEE, COLOMBO, POINT DE GALLE, MAURITIUS, MELBOURNE, SYDNEY, SINGAPORE, FOOCHOW, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA.
HONGKONG BRANCH.
The Corporation receive Money on Deposit repayable on Demand, upon which no Interest is allowed. Current accounts are kept with Firms and Individuals, free of Commission.
Money is also received on Fixed Deposit, repayable at Twelve, Six, and Three Months' notice. Rates of interest may be known on application either at the office of the Corporation or by letter addressed to the Manager.
Notice of withdrawal may be given at the time of deposit.
The Corporation discount Bills and Notes payable in Hongkong, having at least two approved names unconnected in general partnership: and they advance upon Bullion and Merchandize, not of a perishable nature, in the custody of the Bank.
Exchange.
The Corporation grant Drafts on the Bank of England payable on demand, on the Union Bank of London at Four Months' sight, and on the Head office at shorter sight.
Circular Notes for the use of Travellers are issued, negotiable in all places of importance throughout the world.
Drafts are granted on the several Branches and Agencies of the Corporation, as above, at the Exchange of the day, and on the proper address being furnished will be forwarded direct to the Payees by the Corporation.
Bills payable in Europe or in any of the above places are purchased or remitted for collection.
All cheques or orders to be made payable to "The Oriental Bank Corporation."
Information as to the rules of business may be had at the Office, or on application by letter to the Manager.
Office hours 10 to 3, Saturday 10 to 1.
JAMES BERWICK, *Acting Manager.*
249 Hongkong, 1st January, 1867.

NOTICE.
IT being considered desirable to shorten the usance of Bills drawn in India and China on Europe, the undersigned *hereby give notice* that from 1st January, 1867, their Branches and Agencies in the East will only buy and sell Bills of Exchange at a term not exceeding four months' sight.
The undersigned further give notice that they will purchase Bills of Exchange, drawn under Credits, only when the Credits contain a distinct engagement with the holders of the Bills to accept the same.
G. ULLADAM,
For the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China.
D. T. ROBERTSON,
For the Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China.
J. OUSSLEY,
For the Bank of Hindustan, China and Japan, Limited.
J. C. PARRY,
For the Delhi and London Bank, Limited.
C. PIETSCH,
For the Comptoir D'Escompte de Paris.
CHARLES J. F. STUART,
For the Oriental Bank Corporation.
tf 1795 Hongkong, 21st August, 1866.

Banks.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Company having complied with all the requirements of "THE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANK ORDINANCE," (No. 5, of 1866,) have now become, and are, a CORPORATION thereunder, and their business will from and after this date be conducted under the style or name of "THE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION."
"THE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING COMPANY, LIMITED," having ceased to exist, SHAREHOLDERS are now liable for twice the amount of their Shares, as is more particularly set forth in the said Ordinance.
For convenience sake the Bills, Deposit Receipts, Notes and all other documents and engagements whatsoever bearing the name of the late Company may be retained and continue to circulate in their present form, as in accordance with the provisions of the said Ordinance, the Corporation assume and take over all liabilities, contracts, and obligations of the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING COMPANY, LIMITED, including the issue of notes.
The Shareholders of the Corporation are, under the Ordinance, liable for the whole amount of the present issue of Notes, in addition to their liability in respect of other obligations of the Corporation.
By order of the Court of Directors,
VICTOR KRESSER, *Manager.*
tf 2802 Hongkong, 21st December, 1866.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL—5,000,000 of Dollars.
Court of Directors:—
Chairman—EDWARD CUNNINGHAM, Esq.
Deputy Chairman—WOLDEMAR NISSEN, Esq.
Geo. F. Heard, Esq. | Arthur Sassoon, Esq.
Geo. J. Helland, Esq. | Caleb T. Smith, Esq.
Henry B. Lemann, Esq. | Hon. Thos. Sutherland, Esq.
Julius Mauke, Esq.
Managers:—
Hongkong—Victor Kresser, Esq.
Shanghai—David McLean, Esq.
London Bankers—London and County Bank.
HONGKONG.
INTEREST ALLOWED.
On Current Deposit Accounts at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.
On Fixed Deposits:—
For 3 months' 3 per cent. per annum.
" 6 " 4 " "
" 12 " 5 " "
In addition to the above fixed rates of interest the Corporation has adopted the principle of setting aside a certain portion of its yearly profits to be given as a Bonus on the balances employed by the Bank. Customers keeping Current Accounts and Depositors will participate equally in respect of such Bonus, whether Shareholders in the Corporation or not.
LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.
Credits—granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.
VICTOR KRESSER, *Manager.*
Offices of the Corporation,
Wardley House, No. 1, Queen's Road.
12th March, 1867. tf 929.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.
THE Dividend declared for the half-year ended 31st December last, at the rate of Twelve per cent per annum, say $7.50 per paid-up Share of $125, and $1.50 per Share on which $25 have been paid, is payable at the Offices of the Corporation, Wardley House, Queen's Road, where Shareholders are requested to apply for Warrants.
By order of the Court of Directors,
VICTOR KRESSER, *Manager.*
tf 501 Hongkong, 21st February, 1867.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.
HONGKONG AGENCY.
BY Authority of the Head Office of the above Bank, Mr. E. DELBANCE will, on the 16th instant, assume charge of the Branch, during my absence from the Colony.
H. KAISER, *Manager.*
tf 105 Hongkong, 10th January, 1867.

NOTICE.
A FORM of a POWER OF ATTORNEY for LOCAL CREDITORS of the COMMERCIAL BANK CORPORATION to enable them to receive DIVIDENDS in their Claims from the HEAD OFFICE in London, is now lying at the Office of the Bank in Hongkong and will be furnished to any Creditor applying for it.
tf 35 Hongkong, 4th January, 1867.

NOTICE.
A SUB-AGENCY of the Oriental Bank Corporation, under the charge of Mr. ALEXANDER PATERSON, has been OPENED at FOOCHOW.
J. McDOUALL, *Manager.*
Oriental Bank Corporation.
tf 1899 Hongkong, 3rd September, 1866.

CONSULAT IMPERIAL DE FRANCE.
AVIS.
A PARTIR du 20 Mars, 1867, la CHANCELLERIE du Consulat Imperial de France sera TRANSFEREE No. 23, *Elgin Street*, près la MISSION ETRANGERE.
1m 775 Hongkong, 28th March, 1867.

NOTICE.
TENDERS for the purchase of 100 SHARES new issue of Shanghai Steam Navigation Co's Stock, will be received by Messrs. RUSSELL & Co., Agents of the Company, up to April 30th next, on which date the allotment will be made.
The Tender to state the number of Shares wanted and the price per Share.
No Tenders below the par value (Tls. 1,000) will be entertained.
GEORGE TYSON,
President S. S. N. Co.
715 Shanghai, 18th March, 1867. [M20

"*HOME NEWS.*"
PUBLISHED in London on the 3rd, 10th, 18th, and 26th of every month. Subscription $12 per annum.

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"*THE LONDON & CHINA EXPRESS.*"
Published on the 10th, 17th, and 26th of every month. Subscription $12 per annum.

SUPPLEMENTS TO "*LONDON & CHINA EXPRESS.*"
Containing a list of all Exports from England to the Straits, China, and Japan. Subscription $2.50 per year.
J. B. MORRIS,
Agent for Hongkong, Canton, Macao and Swatow.
3m 101 Hongkong, 10th January, 1867.

Auctions.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONGKONG.
THE HON. THE ATTORNEY GENERAL v. TUNG AJOK.
THE Undersigned have received instructions from M. S. TONNOCHY, Esq., Sheriff of Hongkong, to sell by Public Auction, on the Ground,
TO-MORROW,
the 9th April, 1867, at 11 A.M.,
(Under a Writ of *Fi. Fa.*)
MARINE LOT, No. 197, Praya East.
INLAND " " 579, Market Street.
Do. " " 968, Cross Lanes.
Do. " " 966, Hill Lane.
Do. " " 896, Third Street.
Do. " " 711, Mosque Junction.
Do. " " 741, Sharp Street West.
Unless this execution be previously satisfied.
BOWRA & Co.
Auctioneers.
822 Hongkong, 4th April, 1867.

PUBLIC AUCTION.
THE Undersigned will offer for sale by Public Auction,
TO-MORROW,
the 9th April, 1867, at 11 A.M.,
Plain and Galvanized CHAIN, THIMBLES, JIB HANKS, Patent connecting LINKS and SHACKLES, NAILS, Brass and Iron SCREWS, Bright pointed Marline SPIKES, Perforated Sheet ZINC, Single, Double and Treble Patent and Plain BLOCKS, CANVAS, TWINE, Lead and Log LINES, BUNTING, SEXTANTS, Marine BAROMETERS, Log GLASSES, SLATES and BOOKS, Official and Engineers' LOG BOOKS, Murray's SIGNAL BOOKS, Nautical ALMANACKS, 1867, REVOLVERS, Enfield RIFLES and MUSKETS, Musket CARTRIDGES, Preserved MEATS, SOUPS, FISH, &c. Essence of BEEF, BISCUITS, SAUSAGES, OATMEAL and Crushed SUGAR in Tins, PICKLES and FRUITS, PAINTS, OILS, DRYERS, Bright and Black VARNISH and a small assortment of Fancy PAINTS, in 1 and 2 lbs. Tins, BRUSHES and Ship SCRAPERS, &c., &c.
A small parcel Light Summer TWEEDS and FLANNELS, Hamburg and American BEEF and PORK, in Barrels, Australian BEEF in Tierces.
TERMS.—Cash before delivery in Mexican Dollars at 7.1.7.
TALBOT & Co.,
Auctioneers.
4844 Hongkong, 6th April, 1867.

PUBLIC AUCTION.
GENERAL WEEKLY SALE.
LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co., will sell by Public Auction,
TO-MORROW,
the 9th April, 1867, at Noon,
20 Cases GLASSWARE, consisting of Wine, Liqueur and Bitter GLASSES, Finger BOWLS, DECANTERS, BOTTLES, TUMBLERS, SALT CELLARS, &c., &c.
1 Case Table ORNAMENTS.
1 " CRUET STANDS.
10 Cases MUSKETS.
7 " RIFLES.
50 Pair Double-barrelled PISTOLS.
1 Case REVOLVERS, POUCHES, &c.
50 Boxes CANDLES.
250 " YELLOW SOAP.
120 Cases BRANDY.
35 " GIN.
100 " CLARET.
30 Casks ALE.
25 " PORTER.
5 Cases VERMICELLI.
3 " HAMS.
40 " PROVISIONS FOR OFFICER'S STORES.
10 " SARDINES.
150 Pair BLANKETS.
3 Bales SEWING TWINE.
1 Case PERCUSSION CAPS.
6 Cases French NAILS.
5 Casks WASHING SODA.
10 Barrels SPLIT PEAS.
30 Casks PEARL BARLEY.
25 Tierces BEEF.
TERMS OF SALE.—Cash before delivery in Mexican Dollars weighed at 7.1.7.
859 Hongkong, 8th April, 1867.

BOOKS, FURNITURE, &c.
LANE, CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, in their Sales Rooms, *Queen's Road*, on
WEDNESDAY,
the 10th April, 1867, at Noon.
A miscellaneous assortment of BOOKS, comprising some RELIGIOUS WORKS, a number of DICTIONARIES, and a quantity of NOVELS, &c.
And,
Sundry HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
TERMS OF SALE—Cash before delivery in Mexican Dollars weighed at 7.1.7. All lots with all faults and errors of description at purchasers' risk on the fall of the hammer.
862 Hongkong, 8th April, 1867.

PUBLIC AUCTION.
BY instructions received from His Lordship the CHIEF JUSTICE of this City, the Undersigned will sell by Public Auction, on
THURSDAY,
the 11th instant, at 11 o'clock, A.M.,
at the door of the Court House, the whole of that Parcel of LAND with the HOUSE erected thereon, situated in *Rua d'Affundega*, No. 27, belonging to MANOEL PEREIRA, Esq., and others.
TERMS OF SALE—Cash in three days, the purchaser to pay the expenses of transfer.
T. A. MIGUEIS,
Clerk to Chief Justice.
846 Macao, 1st April, 1867. [Ap6

JAPANESE CABINETS, IVORIES, CURIOS, COINS AND LACQUERED WARE.
LANE, CRAWFORD & Co., have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, in their New Sales Rooms, on their *Praya* Premises, on
TUESDAY,
the 16th April, 1867, commencing at Noon.
A valuable and well selected assortment of JAPANESE WARE, comprising:—
Gold-lacquered and gilt-mounted CABINETS, bronzed, carved and inlaid CABINETS on STANDS, Furniture CABINETS, gold-lacquered tortoiseshell Glove and Jewel BOXES, Gold-lacquered BOXES and TRAYS, quaintly carved IVORY TUSKS, Fancy-shaped BOXES in various devices, CIGARS and CARD BOXES; Work, Medicine, Match and Sweetmeat BOXES; Gold, Black and Red-lacquered inlaid PORCELAIN TRAYS; Puzzle BOXES, Red and Gold-lacquered SAUCERS, large PORCELAIN BOWLS; Gold-lacquered CIGAR HOLDERS and STANDS, Inlaid Ivory INSECT STUDS, SPINNING TOPS, Fishing RODS and TACKLE, UMBRELLAS, FANS, WATCH-CHAINS, PICTURES on rollers and framed, PORCELAIN VASES, GLOBES of ROCKS and TORTOISES, FLOWERS SHIPS for Water devices, Fancy HEAD DRESSES, TOOTHPOWDER, Saki BOTTLES and CUPS, Handsome raised figure SCREENS, a few bronzes, ebonized TOBACCO POUCHES, WALKING STICKS, FIGURES &c., &c.
And,
A few Japanese COINS, viz: OODANGS, ITZIBOOS, ISHOES, MISHOES, and TEMPOS.
The whole of the above are now on view.
TERMS OF SALE.—Cash before delivery in Mexican Dollars weighed at 7.1.7. All lots with all faults and errors of description at purchasers' risk on the fall of the Hammer.
863 Hongkong, 8th April, 1867.

FURNITURE SALE.
WILL be sold by Public Auction, on
TUESDAY,
the 23rd April, 1867, at 11 o'clock, A.M., at the Residence of MANOEL PEREIRA, Esq., who is about leaving China, the whole of his HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c., &c.
The same time will be sold, (unless previously disposed of by private sale) a portion of Teak PLANKS and TIMBER, and a very long MAIN-YARD.
J. DA SILVA.

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.
THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on
WEDNESDAY,
the 10th April, 1867, at 4 P.M.,
on the spot, unless previously disposed of by private contract,
Four Sections of INLAND LOT, No. 450, viz:—
Two HOUSES facing *Graham Street*, and a piece or parcel of levelled GROUND, bounded by *Staunton, Graham*, and *Peel Streets*, in separate Lots, as per handbills hereafter to be issued, when the terms and conditions of sale will be made known.
For particulars, apply to
H. N. MODY, *Auctioneer.*
824 Hongkong, 3rd April, 1867.

BOWRA & Co.
WILL sell by Public Auction, by order of Messrs. N. MODY & Co., on
WEDNESDAY,
the 17th April, 1867, at Noon,
On the Premises, Spring Gardens,
The whole of the PREMISES formerly occupied by Messrs. BULL, PURDON & Co., situate on Marine Lot No. 42.
TERMS OF SALE.—Cash upon fall of the Hammer in Mexican Dollars weighed at 7.1.7. The materials to be removed by the Purchaser within 2 months of the day of Sale.
864 Hongkong, 8th April, 1867.

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.
LOST or STOLEN.—About 5 P.M. on TUESDAY, the 5th instant, a light brown Scotch Terrier Dog with dark Ears and Tail, the latter long and bushy, answers to the name of "SCOTCHY." Had on a Collar with the owner's name on paper, upon it. The above reward will be paid to any one bringing him to
J. H. COX,
Messrs. TURNER & Co's,
tf 831 Hongkong, 4th April, 1867. 41, *Queen's Road.*

NOTICE.
THE rate of Freight on Treasure by the Steamers of the Undersigned to and from the Coast Ports, from the 1st April be one uniform rate of ½ per cent.
DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.
tf 799 Hongkong, 1st April, 1867.

ALL PERSONS having Claims against the Firm of TALBOT & Co., now in liquidation, are requested to send in their accounts to the Undersigned on or before the 10th instant. All accounts not so sent in will be excluded from the distribution of the assets.
WILLIAM H. TALBOT.
7d 826 Hongkong, 4th April, 1867.

MISS ROSE
BEGS to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of Hongkong, that she has REMOVED into those large and commodious premises at the corner of *Wellington* and *Pottinger Streets* (opposite the ROMAN CATHOLIC CATHEDRAL) with a greatly increased stock of Ladies' and Gentlemen's FANCY GOODS.
MILLINERY, &c.
A large Assortment of SUMMER GOODS.
INSPECTION INVITED.
4w 751 Hongkong, 25th March, 1867.

SEAMEN'S HOSPITAL, HONGKONG.
TRUSTEES.
HONORABLE JAMES WHITTALL, Esq.
HONORABLE T. W. MERCER, Esq.
A. F. HEARD, Esq.
W. R. DALZIEL, Esq. Acting Superintendent of the P. & O. S. N. Company (ex officio.)
Hospital Surgeon—W. STANLEY ADAMS, Esq.
Treasurer—H. G. JAMES, Esq.
The Trustees of this Institution have much pleasure in informing the community of the colony and all connected with the mercantile marine, that the New Hospital is now completed and ready for the reception of Patients.
SCALE OF CHARGES.
1st Class (private room) per day..... $8.00
2nd " (2 beds in each room)..... 2.00
3rd " (Public Wards)..... 1.00
These charges are inclusive of all medicines but exclusive of Wines, private washing, or articles not the recognised dietary in table, which may be ordered by the Surgeon, and will be charged for as extra.
By order of the Trustees,
H. G. JAMES, *Treasurer.*
tf 1120 East Point, 1st June, 1866.

TESTIMONIAL TO THE REV. DR. LEGGE.
AT A MEETING OF THE FRIENDS of the Reverend Dr. LEGGE, held in the COURT HOUSE, on the 1st instant, under the presidency of the Hon. Chief Justice SMALL; it was unanimously resolved to present Dr. LEGGE with an address and testimonial on the occasion of his leaving the Colony, and the following gentlemen were appointed a Committee for the purpose of carrying out this object.

D. R. Crawford, Esq.	The Hon. W. T. Mercer, Col. Sec., &c.
E. Cunningham, Esq.	J. Ivor Murray, Esq., M.D., Col. Surg.
W. R. Dalziel, Esq.	P. Byrne, Esq.
The Hon. J. Dent, M.L.C.	G. Sharp, Esq.
W. R. Endicott, Esq.	C. C. Smith, Esq., Reg. General.
W. H. Foster, Esq.	C. T. Smith, Esq.
C. P. Heard, Esq.	Rev. F. C. Warren.
G. H. Heaton, Esq.	The Hon. J. Whittall, M.L.C.
W. Kane, Esq., M.D.	J. C. Whyte, Esq.
J. S. Lapraik, Esq.	Mr. Wong Ashing.
G. P. Maclean, Esq.	
W. Nielson, Esq.	
F. Parry, Esq.	

The address still lies for signature with the HONGKONG CLUB and Messrs. LANE, CRAWFORD Co.
ALFRED LISTER,
Hon. Secretary.
tf 609 Hongkong, 7th March, 1867.

WANTED a SITUATION, either in Hongkong or at any of the Coast Ports, by a YOUNG MAN, who is well acquainted with Ship Chandlery and Shipping in General. First class references. Address "CLERK" *Daily Press* Office.
tf 790 Hongkong, 30th March, 1867.

WANTED.
BY A EUROPEAN MAN SERVANT, a SITUATION, as Attendant to an Invalid or otherwise, for Europe or America. Address E.H., *Daily Press* Office.
tf 666 Hongkong, 12th March, 1867.

NOTICE.
HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.
SHAREHOLDERS are requested to return to the Office of the Company the SCRIP CERTIFICATES, and DEEDS OF TRANSFER, for which they will receive in exchange new SCRIP CERTIFICATES, under the present regulations of the Company.
By order of the Directors,
JOHN LAPRAIK,
Secretary.
tf 2736 Hongkong, 14th December, 1866.

ST. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL.
SEAT-HOLDERS intending to resign their sittings on the 1st April, and Persons requiring sittings for the ensuing year would confer a favor by communicating their wishes as soon as possible to the undersigned.
ROBT. S. WALKER,
Treasurer.
tf 496 Hongkong, 20th February, 1867.

NOTICE.
MÜLLER & CLAUSSEN beg to inform the Public that in compliance with numerous applications and the requirements of the times, they have succeeded in obtaining an EMINENT LONDON CUTTER, whom they believe will give general satisfaction both in style and fit.
They also invite attention to their entire new Stock of English WOOLLEN GOODS suited to the coming Season.
European Tailors and Machine Hands kept on the Premises.
tf 683 Hongkong, 14th March, 1867.

Intimations.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY & FOOCHOW.
THE Steam-ship
"DOUGLAS,"
Captain Fitman, will leave for the above Ports, on THURSDAY, the 11th instant, at Noon.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.
4d 835 Hongkong, 6th April, 1867.

THE Undersigned having been appointed SIAMESE CONSULAR AGENT at this Port, requests that all Ships or Vessels under the Siamese Flag be registered in the said Consulate, and the above Ships or Vessels in need of necessaries will be supplied.
SEE ENGWAT,
Siamese Consular Agent.
1m 855, Amoy, 20th March, 1867. [Ap8

FOR MANILA.
THE British ship
"MONARCH,"
1,444 Tons Register, Captain Macey, will be dispatched on or about the 10th instant.
For Passage, &c., apply to
GILMAN & Co.
tf 836 Hongkong, 5th April, 1867.

CHINA SEA.
"RIFLEMAN'S" SURVEYS, may be had on application to
G. FALCONER & Co.
tf 846 Hongkong, 6th April, 1867.

QUEEN'S ROAD EXCHANGE.
28, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.
HONGKONG DISPENSARY BUILDING.
THE Undersigned most respectfully begs to inform the Public of Hongkong that he has this day RE-OPENED his FANCY GOODS STORE and trusts to merit a share of the patronage of this Community.
The following Goods, most carefully selected from the best London and Paris Houses, are offered for sale at very reasonable prices:—
Large quantity of very elegant Ladies' SILK DRESSES.
Gentlemen's FELT and STRAW HATS, and very beautiful Florence STRAW HATS.
Walking STICKS.
COLLARS.
Large Stock of Silver PLATED WARE.
Beautiful MUSICAL BOXES.
JEWELLERY.
A small quantity of Gentlemen's CLOTHING.
Linen and Woollen SHIRTS.
NECKTIES.
SILK and Linen HANDKERCHIEFS.
TOWELS.
Beautiful UMBRELLAS.
CLOCKS.
WATCHES.
HARMONIUMS.
REVOLVERS.
SPYGLASSES.
PHOTOGRAPHS.
JAPANESE VASES and CURIOS.
PICTURES.
TOILET ARTICLES.
Fine French CONFECTIONERY in very elegant boxes of different shapes.
Large Stock of PERFUMERY and other Fancy GOODS too numerous to mention.
J. L. LIEBERMANN.
1m 832 Hongkong, 6th April, 1867.

FOOCHOW GRANITE FLOORED DOCK.
THE above DOCK has been in full working order for the last eighteen months, length 300 feet, width at bottom 40 feet, depth of water on the sill Springs average 17 feet, Neaps 14 feet. The Dock in ordinary tides runs dry for the Blocks, and is pumped out by steam. The charges are as follows: The day of entrance, and two following days. One Mexican Dollar per ton register will be charged, beyond that period each day 10 cents per register ton.
LABOR.—European Foreman per day $5.00
Canton " " 1.25
Canton Carpenter " " .75
Foochow " " .45
For further particulars as to the price of Copper, &c., &c., &c., apply to
T. D. T. TILLINGAST, Esq., Messrs. DE SILVER & Co., Hongkong.
ROBERT ADAMS, Esq., Messrs. NICHOLSON & BOYD, Shanghai.
Or to the Undersigned.
In connexion with the above is the powerful Twin Screw Tug *Woosung*. Vessels requiring the services of this Tug, either from Matson (where a splendid anchorage will be found during the S. W. Monsoon) or from the White Dogs, can obtain them at moderate rates, on application to
JOHN C. SKEY,
Manager.
Pagoda Anchorage, River Min.
No percentage charged upon the labor, but a charge of 10 per cent. will be made on all materials supplied, otherwise than by the Dock.
tf 1544 Foochow, 21st July, 1866.

THE TANJONG PAGAR DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.
NOTICE.
THE Directors of the Tanjong Pagar Dock Company, Limited, are prepared to receive tenders for a loan of $200,000, which they are authorised to raise under the provisions of the Articles of Association of the Company, in even sums of not less than $500 each, for which Debentures will be issued under the seal of the Company.
The Debentures will bear interest at the rate of nine per centum per annum, to be paid half yearly. The capital to be repaid in three years after the date of the loan.
A copy of the Articles of Association may be seen at the Office of the ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION, Hongkong, where parties desiring to tender for Debentures can deposit the amounts, and obtain a Receipt therefor, to be exchanged for Debenture Bonds, which will be forwarded from Singapore on advice of such payments.
C. H. H. WILSONE,
Secretary and General Manager.
Singapore, 22nd Sept. 1866. [J5 tf 42

TANJONG PAGAR DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.
THE Company's Works at Tanjong Pagar (so far as completed) are now in working order

Docks.

HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

CAPITAL—$750,000
IN 1,500 SHARES, OF $500 EACH.

THE COMPANY'S DOCKS, at ABERDEEN and WHAMPOA, are in full working order, and the attention of Shipowners, and Agents is respectfully solicited to the advantages which these Establishments offer for the Docking and Repairing of Vessels.

The following description of the Premises is submitted for the information of the Public:—

ABERDEEN DOCKS.

DOCK No. 1.

Built of GRANITE.

Length	330 feet.
Breadth	80 "
Depth of water at Spring Tides	18½ "
Do. Neap Tides	16 "

NEW DOCK, No. 2.

Built of GRANITE.

Length	400 feet.
Breadth	90 "
Depth of water at Spring Tides	21½ "
Do. Neap Tides	21½ "

This DOCK is now under course of construction.

WHAMPOA DOCKS.

DOCK A.

Built of GRANITE

Length	550 feet.
Breadth	80 "
Depth of water at Spring Tides	16½ to 17 "
Do. Neap Tides	13½ to 15 "

This can be used either as one or two Docks.

DOCK B.

Built of GRANITE.

Length	340 feet.
Breadth	40 "
Depth of water at Spring Tides	18 "
Do. Neap Tides	15 "

The above are the largest Docks in China, and they are fitted with every appliance in the way of Caissons, powerful Steam Pumps, &c., to ensure safety and despatch in work.

DOCK C.

Built of GRANITE.

Length	260 feet.
Depth of water at Spring Tides	14 "
Do. Neap Tides	11 "

Fitted with Caissons and Steam Pumps.

DOCK D.

Length	164 feet.
Depth of water at Spring Tides	12.6 "
Do. Neap Tides	9.8 "

DOCK E.

Length	120 feet.
Depth of water at Spring Tides	11 "
Do. Neap Tides	8 "

D, and *E*, are Mud Docks available for small vessels, at very low rates.

WORKSHOPS.

The Workshops on the Premises, both at Aberdeen and Whampoa, possess every appliance necessary for the Repairs of Ships or Steam Machinery. The Engineers' Shops are supplied with Lathes, Planing, Screwing, Cutting, Punching Machines, &c., &c.,—capable of executing work on the largest scale, and driven by steam. The Shipwright's and Blacksmith's Shops are equally well supplied with plant, and the work is entirely carried on under the Supervision of experienced Europeans.

Powerful Lifting Shears stand on a Jetty, alongside which vessels can lie in 2½ feet water, and take in or out boilers, masts, &c.

BOILERMAKER'S DEPARTMENT.

The Company in addition to executing Repairs are prepared to tender for supplying new Boilers to Steamships, for constructing which they have great facilities.

FOUNDRY.

Iron and Brass Castings, either for Ships or general purposes, are executed with the utmost despatch.

STORES.

The Company's Stores will (when required) supply at moderate rates all the necessaries for Shipwork, such as Paint, Copper, Canvas, &c.

STEAM TUG.

The Company's powerful Steam TUG *Fame*, (110 Horse-power nominal) is always in readiness to Tow sailing vessels from Hongkong to the Dock *free of charge*, and will take them back or to Sea at reduced Rates.

For further particulars apply at the Offices of the Company, *Aguilar Street, Hongkong.*

JOHN S. LAPRAIK, *Secretary.*

N.B.—The Consignees or Master of any Vessel seeing reason to complain of the work done in the Docks, or in any way respecting the Dock arrangements, should address the Secretary on the subject,—when their complaints will receive the immediate attention of the Directors of the Company.

1f 2295 Hongkong, 13th October, 1866.

PORT OF AMOY.

SHIPOWNERS, AGENTS, and COMMANDERS are informed that the DOCK COMPANY'S establishments at the above Port afford facility for repairing and refitting STEAM and SAILING VESSELS.

THEIR LARGE GRANITE DOCK, 280 feet on the blocks—307 feet over all, is in complete working order, and at average spring tides can take vessels drawing 16 to 17 feet. It is fitted with a Caisson Gate, and with a powerful centrifugal steam pump, ensuring despatch in all states of the tides. Their two smaller docks one 223 feet, and the other 160 feet on the blocks, can take vessels at average spring tides drawing 12 feet.

A stock kept on hand of Timber, Spars, Copper and metal sheathing—paints for iron vessels, and other materials required for dock-yard use.

The premises comprise, Carpenter's shops, mast sheds and Blacksmith's shops, superintended by experienced European Foremen; also an ENGINEER'S WORK-SHOP SUPPLIED WITH LATHES AND OTHER TOOLS WORKED BY STEAM, and in charge of a resident European Engineer.

A brass-foundry attached.

Dry Godowns for the reception of stores of vessels requiring to discharge them.

1f 562 Amoy, 1st March, 1867.

DANE'S ISLAND DOCKS, WHAMPOA.

CONDUCTED BY
GOW & Co.

ONE Dock, 240 feet long, can take in Vessels drawing 14 feet, at Spring Tides.

One Dock, 160 feet long, can take in Vessels drawing 11 feet at Spring Tides.

There are Houses at both Docks for the accommodation of Captains and Crews of Vessels.

All kinds of Ship and Blacksmith's Workdone.

The Large Dock pumped out by an Engine.

The Proprietors beg to notify the Merchants, Ship Owners, and Captains, that their charges for Docking are lower than any in China.

No Commission charged upon any Metal or Stores supplied by the Ship.

Apply to
JOHN BIACH & Co.,
Hongkong; or to
ALEXR. MORRISON,
Manager, Whampoa.

1f Hongkong, 4th September, 1863.

UNION DOCK COMPANY OF HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA, LIMITED.

THE Company respectfully beg to call the attention of Ship Owners, Agents and Masters, to their Establishments at WHAMPOA, which offer every facility for the DOCKING and REPAIR of Vessels of all classes.

Their DOCKS in Whampoa, which comprise Four, have been in successful operation for the last Twelve Years, and are now in good Working Condition.

The DOCKS are pumped out by a Steam Pump in Five hours and are capable of taking in Vessels drawing 15½ feet at Spring Tides.

The WORKSHOPS comprise the different Departments of the Shipwright, Blacksmith, Boiler Maker, and Foundry—possessing all the necessary appliances for the Repairs of Ships, Steamers, and Steam Machinery.

The STORES in the different Departments consist of the best Materials, which can be supplied to Vessels on the most reasonable Terms.

A JETTY, with a powerful Lifting Shears, alongside of which Vessels can lie and take out Masts, Boilers, &c.

A STEAM TUG always in readiness to Tow Vessels to the Docks, free of charge, and will tow them back to anchorage or to sea at Reduced Rates.

All Works carried on under the superintendence of experienced Europeans.

For further particulars apply to
J. B. ENDICOTT, *Secretary,*
or CAPT. T. B. RENNELL, *Manager at Whpoa.*

N.B.—The Consignees or Masters of any Vessel seeing reason to complain of the Work done in the Docks, or in any way respecting the Dock Arrangements, should address the Secretary on the subject—when their complaints will receive the immediate attention of the Directors of the Company.

1f 950 Hongkong, 21st March, 1865.

UNDER DISPATCH.

For Swatow, Amoy, and Foochowfoo.—Per *Eden*, To-morrow, the 9th Instant, at 11 A.M.

For Manila.—Per *Minerva*, on Friday, the 12th Instant, at 4 P.M.

BIRTH.

On the 8th of April, at Craigellachie, the wife of Camille Pecteran Esq., of a daughter. 1867

NOW READY.

BOUND VOLUMES of the TRADE REPORT for the year 1866. Price $10.

Apply at the *Daily Press* Office.

1f 242 Hongkong, 22nd January, 1867.

The Chronicle and Directory.

THE issue for 1867 is now published and READY FOR DELIVERY at this office.

The work has been compiled with the greatest care; numerous improvements and additions having been suggested and adopted

The *Daily Press* Office,
8th February, 1867.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, APRIL 8, 1867.

[WE proceed with the résumé of Parliamentary papers relating to early events in China.]

THE recommendation of HEU-KEW that the opium difficulty should be met by increased measures of severity against the persons concerned in the trade, rather than by a legalisation of the traffic under defined restrictions, had greater weight with the Chinese Government than the considerations urged on the other side, and the Governor General of Canton commenced his campaign by directing the Hong Merchants to enquire into the circumstances under which certain foreign merchants "continued stationary" at Canton "in what manner they store up and sell their opium, from what year they date the commencement of these opium transactions, what quantity of the drug they annually store up, and dispose of, and whether they ordinarily insist on payment for it in sycee." The exact text of the report does not appear in the parliamentary papers, but on the 23rd of November 1836 the VICEROY issued an edict based on that document ordering eight merchants, Messrs. JARDINE, DENT, INNES, TURNER, WHITMAN, FRAMJEE, MERWANJEE, and DADABHOY to leave Canton within half a month. The merchants named made various representations through the Hong merchants begging in the humblest manner to be allowed to stop until their affairs could be adjusted, and by an edict issued on the 13th December the VICEROY authorised Messrs. JARDINE, DENT, and TURNER, to remain till the second month of the following year when they were to go to Macao. The others who had offered to go home altogether at certain periods they had fixed, varying from the 1st to the 3rd month were authorised to remain till the time they indicated, when, however, they were warned to keep their word, and not hope for delay. Captain ELLIOT in forwarding copies of these edicts says, that if a mere temporary visit to Macao would be sufficient for the occasion he had no doubt the gentlemen named would not find it inconvenient to meet the wishes of the local Government to that extent, but if the Provincial Authorities should prove seriously determined to attempt the dismissal of the merchants from the country, then his interposition would become unnecessary. At about the same date (February 2nd) he also wrote to Lord AUCKLAND, Governor General of India, explaining to him what had taken place and recommending that two or three of the Company's cruisers should be joined to the man-of-war which he hoped the British Government would send to the China waters, a course which would he thought, have the effect of hastening onwards the legislation of the opium trade, or at any rate that of bringing back the provincial authorities to tolerate the old system. Writing on the 21st to the Home Government Captain ELLIOT sends the copy of an edict issued two days previously at Canton which he took to imply that the local Government had received orders from the court to prepare for the admission of opium under legal regulations. The direct purpose of the edict was to prohibit absolutely the export of sycee, the Emperor having ordered that this should be made the grand object.

Capt. ELLIOT's despatches between this date and the 27th of April contain nothing more about the opium question but include the announcement, which is made with a good deal of pomp and parade of diplomatic artifice that the passport enabling him to go to Canton had been granted by the Emperor, and furthermore that he had succeeded in obtaining the right to send his despatches to the Viceroy under sealed covers. It was still to be considered necessary that they should be sent to the Hong merchants in the first instance, but the privilege of sending them closed, was certainly a step in advance. Capt. ELLIOT had brought about this by a negotiation of a characteristic kind, into the details of which it is scarcely worth while to enter, by help of dramatic indignation curiously combined with great humility in the mode of its expression, and perpetual suggestions that he would have to withdraw from Canton unless such and such points were admitted. Lord PALMERSTON in replying to all these despatches in November, (1837) commends Capt. ELLIOT for his success in obtaining the privilege of sending his missives under seal, and reiterates the formal direction that Capt. ELLIOT should continue to press upon the Chinese Government his right to receive direct communications from the Viceroy without the intervention of the Hong merchants. Lord PALMERSTON also transmits a copy of new instructions, which, apparently in compliance with some of the suggestions of Capt. ELLIOT's correspondence had been issued through the admiralty to the Naval Commander in Chief in the East Indies. These instructions direct that one or more of the ships under his command should as frequently as possible visit the China station, and if possible that the vessel sent should be a frigate rather than one of a smaller class. The purposes for which such ships would be stationed in China would be to protect British interests, and give weight to any representations which the Superintendent of Trade might be under the necessity of making to the Chinese government, and also to maintain order amongst the crews of British vessels at Canton. At the same time the officers in command of the ships sent should be instructed to be very careful not to offend the prejudices of the people nor violate the laws and customs of the empire. It was also important, the instructions went on to say, that the Naval Commander in Chief himself should take an early opportunity of visiting China, if possible in a line of battle ship, and meet the Superintendent at Macao.

A despatch from Capt. ELLIOT to the Foreign office dated the 2nd of June reports another small step in advance which he had contrived to make. Yielding in appearance to the wishes of the Chinese authorities that he should retire from Canton after the tea-season and remain for some months at Macao he had, in regular form, applied for his passport and had withdrawn, intending, however, to take advantage of the first excuse for returning at an irregular period. This opportunity was soon furnished by a disturbance amongst some seamen at Whampoa, and Capt. ELLIOT came up the river in the cutter *Louisa*. On arriving at Canton he addressed one of his most respectfully worded communications to the Viceroy, pointing out how important it was that he should have permission to come up in this way whenever an emergency arose, as the time which it would take to apply for and receive a passport, before leaving Macao, might often defeat the object he might have in view. To this application the Viceroy returned a favorable answer and that point was therefore gained more easily than most.

During the Autumn of 1837 an interesting episode in our early relations with China, took place. There is a hiatus in the published despatches which leaves some points unsatisfactorily accounted for, but it appears that H. M. sloop *Raleigh* had arrived at Macao and her commander Capt. QUIN had placed himself in communication with Capt. ELLIOT by whom he had been requested to take advantage of an incident which had occured to pay a visit to the mouth of the river Min. A brig called the *Fairy* had been taken by mutineers on board, and those of the crew who had not taken part in the rising had been landed on the shores of the Fuhkien province. They had been taken prisoners, though kindly treated, by the authorities of Foochow, and the ostensible purpose of the *Raleigh's* visit was to request that they might be restored. Captain QUIN therefore anchored at the mouth of the river and sent in his address to the Provincial Government. To this a reply was brought on the 3rd of July, not, of course, a direct communication, but an edict addressed to subordinate officers in the usual manner. It refused the request of the address and directed the departure of the *Raleigh*, but in comparatively moderate language, and promised that the seamen should be sent to Canton, a promise which was fulfilled without delay. Captain ELLIOT, who displays throughout great ingenuity in putting a good face upon even the most objectionable documents received directly or indirectly from the Chinese, expresses great satisfaction at the result of the visit, as "the measured tone of the communication, it is to be presumed, would favorably dispose the Government of other Provinces than this, to receive one on a like occasion, rather than incur the hazard of troublesome discussions by its rejection." In connexion with this expedition we find the record of another, Mr. GUTZLAFF, the interpreter to the superintendent's establishment at Canton, proceeded to the mouth of the Min in the *Raleigh*, and thence in an American vessel called the *Morrison* on a voyage of commercial and scientific research to Japan. The pages in which he records the impressions of the voyage has a retrospective interest even now. From the Min he proceeded to the Loo-choo Islands, thence to the Bay of Yeddo. When the *Morrison* anchored in the bay about twenty miles from Yeddo she was boarded by an immense number of Japanese, and Government boats pulled round her. During the first day the visitors all appeared kindly disposed, and Mr. GUTZLAFF with his companions were invited to go on shore which they arranged to do the next day. Meanwhile respectful addresses and presents were sent in for the Emperor. Early in the morning, however, and without any intimation of what was intended, a neighbouring fort opened fire on the ship, and she was obliged to get under weigh. Driven from Yeddo the *Morrison* visited Kagoshima, but here again precisely the same result ensued; for a day or two they were treated kindly and led to hope for permission to land, but then they were unceremoniously fired on, and driven away. After this failure they returned to Macao.

The Italian Opera.

The singing of some of the artists on Friday night in the "Trovatore," was good enough to reconcile the audience to the absence of the familiar choruses which are amongst the leading features of this favorite opera. Both Madame Veralli and Madame Bouche were in parts which thoroughly suited them. The performance indeed of Madame Veralli in *Leonora* made us altogether unable to understand why she should have chosen to make her first appearance before her Hongkong audience in a part which cannot be considered to suit her by any means so well. As *Amiconi* Madame Veralli on many occasions brings recollections of Alboni forcibly before the minds of her hearers. Even in that which is least open to praise, her somewhat lethargic acting, she reminds one of the great singer we have named, but beyond this in many more agreeable ways. There is an exquisite rotundity about the middle notes of her voice and a liquid flow in her execution more especially in piano passages which is Alboni, all over. Madame Veralli's voice however, is one of great power, and this enables her to give dramatic effect to passionate music. In the great crescendo passage which occurs in her scene with *Manrico* when describing the death of the child, the force with which she brought out the high note, at the same time without losing its musical purity was splendid. She was altogether in better voice on Friday than in the "Barbiere" and its power was finely shown in the scene where she is brought a prisoner before the count; with all this, however, we say again that it is only heard to perfection in piano contralto music. It is scarcely possible to imagine a more perfect delivery of the delicious duet with *Manrico* in the prison scene than that which was given (the first time we mean, for the duet was encored) by Madame Veralli and Signor Piccioli on Friday night.

To Signor Piccioli's singing, much which we have just said is also applicable, the appropriate changes being made. There are times when his voice is as delicate, pure and sweet as a tenor voice can be, with the same *timbre* as Guiglini's that peculiar pathetic violin-like tone which is more beautiful perhaps than the flute-like rotundity of a voice like Mario's, but this is only perceptible in piano music. It was very remarkably perceptible in the duet above referred to, in "Ah che la morte" and in the opening bars of "Ah si ben mio." The latter part of this last named song however, lost its tenderness in Signor Piccioli's hands, for as it grew in passion it changed its character. It is not that the voice wants power or beauty of a kind in forte passages, but in that sort of music it has too much of an angry coloring to be tender. "Di quella pira" though delivered with great force was admirable because that of course requires passion without tenderness.

Madame Bouche's *Leonora* must we think be admitted to have justified all expectations, except perhaps ours in "Tacea la notte" which she sang rather carelessly, for they were very high, but on re-hearing in the latter scenes of the opera the prima donna developed talents which we think we had previously heard led us to anticipate. Dramatically to begin with, her delineation of *Leonora* was splendid. Her acting in the malediction scene and also in the mad scene of "Lucia" had been very fine, but neither of these could be compared to her scene with the *Conte di Luna* in the last act of the "Trovatore" or to her performance in the finale There was true dramatic passion and fire displayed in both these scenes, and at the same time it was of a kind which instead of interfering with her musical execution, aided it and enhanced its effect in the highest degree. During her frantic appeals to the Count, for instance, where she falls on her knees in their midst, and continues her passionate entreaty, acting and singing were equally magnificent, showing a combination of dramatic and musical genius of a very rare order, and in the finale where she is defending herself in despair from *Manrico's* unjust suspicions, a man who was deaf would have enjoyed her acting, almost as much as another who was blind, her singing. What we consider however to have been the greatest musical triumph of the evening was her delivery of the introductory aria in the last act previous to the Miserere scene. This is very florid, very high and difficult music, but it was executed with the fluency of Adelina Patti and with a volume and rotundity about the notes which Mille Patti with all her marvellous compass of voice, cannot achieve. One high note in particular which the house evidently felt, and which was we believe D in alt., was full and sweet, and clear as a bell. The audience tried for an encore but the artist would do nothing but bow and smile.

The adjourned sessions of the Supreme Court were duly opened on Saturday morning by reading the usual proclamation, and immediately duly closed again in the same manner, and adjourned until Thursday next, the eleventh instant at 10 o'clock.

Police Intelligence, April 8th.

BEFORE N. R. MASSON Esq.

PIRACY.

Four men who were brought in last night by H. M. gun boat *Hesioe*, were charged with piratically attacking two fishing boats on the 31st March, at a place called Chow Chow on the Island coast.

Inspector Cronin applied for a remand in order to produced the necessary witnesses who were now in Macao with the exception of one who is in hospital, having been wounded in the attack, he stated that a gun-boat would be sent over to bring these men and their boats.

Remand granted to Thursday next the 11th inst.

A FALSE WITNESS PUNISHED.

A Fellow calling himself a shopman was brought up for gambling in the notorious First Street. The constable who made the arrest gave his evidence in a very straight forward manner and produced the gambling materials that he had seen the prisoner throw away.

Prisoner, of course denied taking any part in the game and added that the constable arrested him in the shop; he called a witness also to corroborate this who entered into an elaborate string of lies about the constable wanting to borrow a pair of scissors, and because prisoner would not lend them he was afterwards arrested.

This tale taken in connection with prisoner's statement here such evident signs of having been concocted, particularly as this witness although put out of court had been caught inside again listening to prisoner's statement, that his worship had no doubt but that the constable's version of the story was the correct one. Prisoner was therefore fined $5 or in default to be imprisoned for ten days and his lying witness was punished by the infliction of a fine of $10 or fourteen days imprisonment with hard labour.

BEFORE THE HON. H. J. HALL.

REMANDED CASES.

Low-achun who was charged on the 1st inst. with kidnapping a boy ten years of age, and taking him to Macao, was brought forward again to-day, the witnesses having arrived from Macao.

Leong-a-lum, rattan chair maker from Macao, equain to Leong-a-trune, brother to the kidnapped boy stated that on the 25th of last month at about three o'clock in the afternoon, he met the boy Asing in Macao in company with the prisoner and another man; on being asked the boy said that he had come over to look for some business.

His worship said this was quite sufficient and refused to hear anything further of the case; if the boy had gone over to Macao, to look for business that could hardly be construed into kidnapping to Hongkong; he thought there was nothing in the case when he remanded it on Monday last and thought that the prosecutor ought to be punished for keeping prisoner in gaol for five or six days, in a case in which there was not the slightest evidence whatever, it was not a malicious prosecution and that was all that could be said about it, he would let prosecutor off this time.

THE STABBING CASE.

Takku, the Malay charged on Tuesday last with stabbing a female named Mooseena with whom he had been cohabiting and also with cutting and wounding several other persons, was next brought up.

Abbas, seaman unemployed, was on the ground floor of the same house with Mooseena and the prisoner about four days ago. Between half past six and seven in the evening he heard a noise upstairs and a voice calling out "I am murdered;" witness attempted to get upstairs and had arrived at the top of the steps when he met the prisoner with a knife in his hand, prisoner rushed at him and stabbed him in the arm, (knife produced and identified) also cut him slightly on the shoulder and other places, prisoner said nothing to him during this time and no words passed between them; witness became insensible from loss of blood and did not recollect anything more of the circumstances, but picked himself up next at the bottom of the stairs, whether he crawled down or walked down he cannot remember; he was afterwards picked up by a Malay, witness went to the police station with the woman Mooseein, the latter was covered in blood.

Hat-anat, servant to the prisoner, was in the loft of the house on the evening of the day in question and could see what prisoner and the woman were doing, he saw the woman running pursued by prisoner with a knife (knife produced), he caught the woman and stabbed her several times in different parts of the body, she then escaped from him and ran to the head of the stairs when he he caught her and stabbed her again; the women then fell downstairs and prisoner went to the back of the house and witness saw no more of him.

Lch, married woman, wife to Sheo, lived in the same house with the prisoner and Mooseena in Lascar Row, and occupied part of the same floor; she was in her room at about seven o'clock on the evening of Tuesday last, suddenly she heard Mooseena who was in her own room call out "help me"—"help me;" witness went to the door of the room where she saw the prisoner who stabbed her in three places with the knife produced; prisoner was in the act of stabbing Mooseena when witness went to the door of the room, but immediately on seeing her before she had time to say anything he turned round and stabbed her also, witness noticed that Mooseena was bleeding very much from her wounds.

Wong-asee, a widow, was the next witness. On Tuesday evening last she was in a house at the back of that occupied by the prisoner and heard some cries, presently prisoner rushed through her house and downstairs into the street.

Shoe only corroborated the evidence of his wife, having been in his own room lying sick; he saw prisoner stab Leh who went to the door of his room on hearing cries and he went to pull her away from the door when he could see prisoner stabbing Mooseena, this witness also saw Abbas stabbed and identified the knife produced as the weapon which prisoner had in his hand.

Louis Roche, P. C. No. 40, stated that on Tuesday evening last while on duty at about seven o'clock he saw a number of people standing outside a house in Lascar row, apparently in a state of considerable excitement, he made enquiries as to what was the matter and in consequence of the answers he received he entered the house and in one of the rooms upstairs at the back of the house he saw some blood on the floor but no one there; on going down to the street again he saw the witness Abbas who was bleeding extensively and the woman Leh whose face was covered with blood; in a house near witness found the woman Mooseena also bleeding very much and had these three placed in chairs and conveyed to the Central Station from whence they were forwarded to the Civil Hospital, witness then went with some Indian constables to search for the prisoner, and at about eleven o'clock found him in a dust bin in Lower Lascar Row and arrested him, witness saw the torn shirt produced found in the kitchen of the first house he entered.

The case was here remanded to 10 A.M. on Monday next the 8th instant.

"Why I don't go to Church.

In a recent number of the *Spectator* occurs the following letter, which may probably represent feelings very widely felt through the intellectual classes, explaining on grounds altogether disconnected from religious belief, why the writer does not go to church.

I dont go to church, and I do not know why I should mind stating, in the interests of truth, the reasons which really induce me to abstain from that usually beneficial custom. Two of them are of the baser sort, and as we are telling the truth, it is best perhaps to mention them first, and make a clean breast of it. Owing to accidental circumstances, not worth explaining here, I am under no social, or domestic, or friendly compulsion to go. Nobody is scandalized because I stay at home, nobody grieves, nobody quotes me, or is at all likely to quote me, as an evil example to my neighbours and the parish. If everybody did, my wife perhaps excepted, it would make no difference; but they do not, and one great reason for going to church as a regular habit of life is in my case absent. Then I have reasons for enjoying one day of quiet at home. It is my only day in the week of perfect mental rest, a rest which would be entirely gone if I were forced to listen to anything on any subject, theological or otherwise. It is the only day on which I feel master of my whole time, can do what seems good to me without feeling that a duty is being neglected, can sit in a chair without either the reality or the pretence of other occupation. It is pleasant and healthful so to sit, pleasant and healthful to be at ease, pleasant and healthful to be clear for twenty-four hours of the small worries and big tasks which take all paradisical savour out of English life. Myriads would be a worse nature without it, and if I wanted church over so much I should go on week-days. It seems to me that the clergy, with their lives, never understand this crave for rest, never comprehend how fiercely native the intellectual life of a politician always is, whether he be member, or writer, or philanthropist. These reasons weigh, I know, with me heavily, though even were they both absent, I should not be able to bring myself habitually to attend church. I could not do it, and I am about to try to state honestly why. "Church," as we use the word every week, implies an hour and a-half of worship among other worshippers, and half an hour's steady listening to a sermon, bad, good, or indifferent. I dislike both, though not from the same reasons. Prayer is not only moral to me as an exercise, but I believe in the divine response to it with a strength which would compel Professor Tyndall to set me down as a fool, but public prayer is merely a disagreeable formality. I do not pray, and cannot pray, with the prayers. I want in prayer to think my own thoughts, and use my own words, and do both at my own time, and be, above all, truthful before the Almighty; not to plead to Him, for example, against sudden death, when I think it decidedly preferable to slow dying. The thoughts of those who framed the Missal, which we translated, are very noble thoughts, and I recognize their nobleness; but they are not my thoughts, are not like my thoughts at the time when they are uttered. No thoughts could be, if I had to say them twice over under two different sets of mental circumstances; and to say them every week, under indefinitely changing pressures and experiences gives me a feeling of hypocrisy. I have no objection to the *sentiments*. Letter ideas were never couched in words fitter to express them; but when once learned by heart their advantage for me is ended. They benefit as a psalm benefits, and I cannot pray a psalm. It is peeling for all conditions of men at the movement, but I am not, it is an act of hypocrisy for which I am morally prepared of the worse, and I can never make my thought and the Prayer Book thought run together. I am wanting to pray for more light right to pray for all conditions of men, if I am when the congregation is singing the *Te Deum*. That emotion of worship which mere association with multitudes also worshipping produces in some men, I cannot feel. I ought, it may be, but I do not; being by nature gregarious I could pray in an empty church, or one of the Continental cathedrals, which give the mind a sense of solitude; but not in a crowd, still less in a crowd omitting intermittent murmurs, least of all in a crowd not praying its own thoughts. Chapel is worse than church. The thought is not mine any more than before, and is expressed in far inferior words. Of course, if I believed association in worship a duty I should try to do it, however disagreeable, but I do not. The object of worship is to establish a closer relation with the Almighty, and as this object is not attained by me in attending any external service whatever, whether of prayer or praise, or commemoration, I stay away. Other people go and benefit, as other people go to public meetings and benefit; but why should I be required to feel gregarious worship healthful, any more than gregarious discussion?

Then there is the sermon. As to worship, my feeling is, I imagine, individual, or so far individual that there is little sympathy to be looked for or feared, the majority of human kind, feeling the electric influence of association. But about the sermon, I am about to state honestly what I believe thousands of men feel secretly. I dislike good sermons just as much as bad. It is not the length, or the feebleness, or the mannerism of the speech which annoys me, as it seems to annoy most men who write about sermons, but the speech itself. I do not want to be instructed even by a great lecturer: I object to the usual basis of the very best sermon ever delivered in a Christian Church,—that a man a great sinner, come there to help to be saved. I am not. I am rather a good fellow, with a distinct purpose to lead a good life according to my lights, and a strong wish that it could be made, and I could be made, nobler, and more efficient for the service of God and His creatures. If the preacher can help me towards that, I will go and hear him; but he never does, and never will do. He tells me I have deserved hell, and shall have it, unless I go this way or that. I have not deserved anything of the kind; no decent Bishop, who knows the whole truth, would inflict anything of the kind; my dearest friend would shrink with horror at the idea of imposing anything of the kind; and God is better than any Bishop more loving than any friend I want to get nearer Him, not to escape a doom I do not believe in, and I cannot get nearer by assenting in external act to ideas I at heart reject. That, eternal preaching of selfishness as the highest impulse offends and annoys me till every sermon does positive harm. Better starve to feed Bethnal Green, than starve to be released oneself from all future sense of hunger. Then be the preacher ever so good, he must, in each sermon, have one of three objects—to state Christian doctrine, or illustrate Christian ethics, or warm his hearers' hearts towards Christ and God,—must be either theology or moral or sentimental I do not want his theology. In nine cases out of ten I know three times or thirty times as much theology as he does. No doubt, in the tenth case he can teach me, but he would not do it in a sermon intended for babes and suckings. If he would give me information about things which worry me, the doubts whether law is not irreversible, whether God be the author or the exponent of the law, whether virtue and vice are not mental phenomena, whether all that we say or seem be not "a dream within a dream," he might do me good; but he will not do it, is perhaps right in not doing it. Then why am I to weary myself with his account of justification by faith, or the three witnesses, or the differences of Romanism and Protestantism, which I know quite as much about as he does, it may be more? No mathematician could or would sit out weekly lectures on the Binomial Theorem, or the laws of numbers, after he had once acquired them; and why should men who have really learned dogmatic theology be compelled to perpetual repetitions of things they know by heart? Why cannot the preacher begin, as the lecturer does, at the point his class has reached? In morals any good preacher could no doubt teach, for every heart is a repertory of new facts awaiting collocation, but he never will do it. He will preach against all manner of temptations of which average nineteenth-century men do not really feel one, and leave them to fight their own fight as best they may. My special temptation is a desire for intellectual ease; to leave duty undone if duty involves hostility, to conceal the truth if the truth costs friends or reputation. I fight that; I trust, but I am not helped in the fight by a sermon against all manner of sins which I know, as well as the preacher, are bad, and which I am as unlikely as he is to commit. If he would assume that the people before him are decently good, law-honest, as people say, and then try to make them better, and nobler, and better fitted to receive the Spirit he would be worth attention; but he won't; he would think it a dereliction of duty to accept what in hundreds of congregations must be the simplest fact. There must be hundreds of congregations in which of all the men and women before the preacher not a tenth have any direct sin on their consciences except perhaps one, and while he mentions that one, except in the vaguest way, he will never accept their real status in all other matters. He preaches as to children who do not clearly see what the Commandments mean. Emotional preaching ought to do me good, no doubt, but the simple truth is it doesn't. I am not warmed to religious feeling by a "splendid sermon," any more than I am warmed to political feeling by a splendid speech. It may be very wicked, but that is the simple truth. You might as well ask a deaf man to tremble under Handel's *Israel*. I belong to the Englishman of the day. I have been trained all my life to dissect eloquence, and distrust sentiment, and dislike unction; and the training tells on eloquence in the pulpit, just as much as eloquence in the forum. I can no more be made into a Christin by Mr. Spurgeon than into a radical by Mr. Bright. There is conceit; but then if every man said his thought, would not every man seem conceited?

I must add to all these reasons or causes one more, which influences, I suspect thousands as well as me, and that is a kind of loathing for pietistical terminology. Many people have it about legal terminology. It is in both cases quite unfair, as every science must have its own words, and naturally adopts those of the language in which its first books were originally written. But it weighs. I can listen patiently and even enjoyingly to discussion on instinctive emotion, but discussion on the "carnal mind," which is almost exactly the same phrase with a more strictly ethical meaning, annoy and repel me. I neither defend nor extenuate the feeling, see no more sound reason against being called an "experienced Christian" than against being called a soldier with wounds, but the phraseology worries me none the less. I suppose the truth is, the words are used by stupid men to conceal their own want of meaning, until they disgust in the mouths of those to whom they have full definitions; but whatever the cause, the fact is so. Listening to such preaching is to me like reading a speech before the Scotch Court of Session, where eloquence staggers under the burden of necessary barbarisms—one reason among many why, as it seems to me, by theologians are so much more pithy than the clerical. They write English, instead of eternally repeating Greek words, upon which every man who hears them puts his individual sense.

The "Dinnerless" Opposion.

Whether Mr. Gladstone's recent return from the Continent was the cause of there being on this occasion no political dinners given by the Leader of the Opposition is a question about which two opinions may be held. Some affirm that it was. Others again, remark that many of the staunch old Whigs would have refused to have attended. Some notoriously have expressed themselves to this effect. Moreover, the suggestion of the *Edinburgh Review* having been naturally enough gall and wormwood to Mr. Gladstone, he may have reasonably looked to teach certain of his recalcitrant followers how much they have to depend upon in regard to himself. Lord Russell's substitute of a "political tea-party" last Monday for the accustomed dinner—a concession made, we presume, to the difficulties of his lieutenant—does not appear to have improved his own digestion and amiability, if we may judge of the state of his temper by the speech he delivered at the opening of the session. Other people, who appear to be not ill-informed, say that the difficulty of inviting or not inviting Mr. Bright to the dinner of the Opposition leader was the real cause of leaving the Opposition politically dinnerless—a very probable explanation.—*John Bull.*

A PALPABLE HIT.—Mr. Disraeli gives amusing little bit of dramatic effect in his speech in describing the various Governments which had failed in Reform. He enumerated "a Liberal government under Lord Russell in 1852," "a Coalition government under Lord Aberdeen in 1854," "a Conservative government under Lord Derby in 1859," "a Moderate Liberal government under Lord Palmerston in 1860," and then came to the Government of last year, when he hesitated with well feigned delicacy and moral embarrassment, adding "and finally, a—a—Government under Lord Russel in 1866," amidst the shouts of laughter of the House. He could not describe the Government,—he conveyed to the House his impression that it was, in courteous language, indescribable.—*Spectator.*

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Hongkong, Saturday Evening.

The Opium market continues in a most unsatisfactory condition, holders have been trying very hard all day to bolster up the market and bring it at least to a level with the prime cost of the drug, and they succeeded to a certain extent rates having advanced to $607½ for new and $597½ for old Patna, but at the close prices are again looking down and must eventually recede. From present appearances it would appear quite impossible that any high level of prices can be maintained and that holders to sell at all must submit to a heavy loss. In view of the large stocks now in hand, the very limited Chinese demand and the fact of there being no "Bulls" in the market this month, a further decline in rates shortly would seem quite certain. Quotations for the other descriptions of drug are quite nominal there being no business in progress. The week closes on a very quiet market in Imports, transactions show a very meagre total compared with the previous week and although the majority of prices show no variation or change in some there has been a tendency to weakness. Sales to-day include 1500 pieces 8/4 Gray Shirtings $8.47½ 1000 pieces 7lbs T. Cloths $2.75½ and 500 pieces Dyed Brocades at $5.00. There has been some little inquiry for Cotton Yarn, but the small stocks now in hand and high rates consequently demanded by importers seem to have had the effect of keeping purchasers out of the market, especially for the better qualities, but there seems little chance of their accomplishing anything by this course of action, as the market is very firm. Sales reported to-day embrace 30 bales 28/32s at $190, 25 bales 28/32 at $187 and 10 bales Singapore 20's at $157. The transactions in Cotton have been on a limited scale comprising 310 bales Bengal at $18.50 to $21.00; and 80 bales Shanghai at $23.50. Produce continues in only limited request the movement being almost entirely confined to the supply of local wants. Sales are noted to-day of 3,000 piculs Saigon Rice at $1.85, 3,000 piculs Poas $2.24 to $2.46, 100 bags, Green Sugar at $3.45, and 100 piculs Dates at $3.50. There have been considerable sales of Bank shares to-day at 3 to 2½ per cent discount for new and 8 to 9½ per cent. discount for old shares. In bullion there have been sales of sycee at 6½ and of bar silver at 11 per cent premium.

Monday Morning.—The news by the *Sunda* from Shanghai is of rather a discouraging nature for Opium, and the lower rates she brings must have a depressing effect in the market here, and the opening price this morning will no doubt show a decline.

EXCHANGE.

ON LONDON.—4 months'	4/4½
" Bank Bills, at 6 months' sight	4/4½
" " at 4 months'	4/5
" Credits, at 6 months' sight	4/4½ to 4/6
" Documentary Bills at 6 months' sight	
" Bank Bills on demand	
ON SHANGHAI.—	
Bank, 3 days' sight	78½
Private, 30 days' sight	74½
ON CALCUTTA.—Bank, 3 d.s	218½ to 219
" BOMBAY.—Bank, 3 days' sight	219

SALES

Notices of Firms.

NOTICE.

MR. WARREN DELANO, JR., and Mr. HENRY S. GREY, have RETIRED from our firm, their interest and responsibility CEASING on this day.

RUSSELL & Co.

tf 172 China, 1st January, 1867. J-15

NOTICE.

MR. EDWARD CUNNINGHAM has REENTERED our firm, to which also Mr. WILLIAM H. FORBES, Jr., is admitted Partner, their interest and responsibility commencing this day.

RUSSELL & Co.

tf 173 China, 1st January, 1867.

NOTICE.

MR. JOHN SMEDLEY has been admitted a Partner in our Firm from this date, which will in future be carried on as

STOREY, SON & SMEDLEY
Architects, Surveyors and Civil Engineers.
STOREY & SON.

tf 804 Hongkong, 1st April, 1867.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned, being about to leave the Colony, requests that all parties having claims against him will send the same in before the 8th Instant, and gives notice that Mr. CHARLES STOREY will act as his Attorney during his absence.

C. H. STOREY.

tf 805 Hongkong, 1st April, 1867.

NOTICE.

THE Partnership hitherto existing between ROBERT SAYLE of Cambridge, England, and THOMAS PEACOCK, of Hongkong, was DISSOLVED by mutual consent on November 15th 1866.

ROBERT SAYLE.
THOMAS PEACOCK.

tf 550 Hongkong, 28th February 1867.

THE Business will be carried on in future under the style and name of SAYLE & Co. Mr. W. J. STEART is authorised to sign the firm per procuration.

tf 551 Hongkong, 28th February, 1867.

MR. WALTER HYDE NOTLEY, will sign our firm on and after this date.

ROB. S. WALKER & Co.

tf 583 Hongkong, 1st March, 1867.

NOTICE.

MR. JOHN MIDDLETON, JUNIOR, RETIRES from our firm this day; and Mr. A. B. BULKLEY, is authorised to sign the same per procuration.

SMITH, ARCHER & Co.

tf 621 Hongkong, 1st January, 1867. [J81

THE interest and responsibility in our firm of Mr. W. G. SIEWERTSZ VAN RESSEMA ceased yesterday, and Mr. THEODOR PROBST, who held the power to sign our firm since 1862, has this day been admitted a partner.

Our firm now consists of Mr. W. PUSTAU, Mr. W. PROBST, Mr. J. MENKE, and Mr. THEODOR PROBST; Mr. O. C. BERG and Mr. JOHN F. CORDES are authorized to sign the same per procuration from this date.

WM. PUSTAU & Co.

6m 14 China, 1st January, 1867.

NOTICE.

THE PARTNERSHIP hitherto existing between Messrs. JOSEPH OXFORD, HENRY DENCKER, JACOB ARNHOLD and ALEXANDER GORMAN LEVYSOHN has this day been DISSOLVED by mutual consent.

Outstanding accounts will be settled by either of the partners, who will henceforth sign the firm in liquidation.

OXFORD & Co.

Hongkong and China.
11th September, 1866. tf 1986

WITH reference to the above, the business hitherto carried on by Messrs. OXFORD & Co., at Hongkong and Canton, will be continued by the Undersigned, who have this day established themselves as Merchants and Commission Agents, under the firm of

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.
J. ARNHOLD
A. C. LEVYSOHN.
F. KARBERG.

tf 1987 Hongkong, 11th September, 1866.

NOTICE.

I HAVE authorized Mr. W. DETMERING to sign my firm per procuration, during my absence from this colony.

G. W. HARTMANN.

tf 750 Hongkong, 25th March, 1867.

NOTICE.

THE interest and responsibility of Mr. PIETER HAZEUW in our Firm CEASED on 31st December, 1866.

ALFRED WILKINSON & Co.

tf 677 Hongkong, 14th March, 1867.

NOTICE.

MR. FREDERICK MASON this day resigns the management of our business here, and ceases to sign our Firm per procuration.

ALFRED WILKINSON & Co.

tf 239 Hongkong, 25th January, 1867.

WE HAVE this day established a BRANCH of our firm in Hongkong under the management of Monsieur V. LAROISIER, who will sign our name by procuration.

P. & P. DERODE FRERES.
Lille, Paris, le Havre.
Hongkong, 14, Stanley Street.

6m 3 Hongkong, 2nd January, 1867.

THE interest and responsibility of Mr. HINTON DANIEL STEWART in our Firm in Hongkong and China ceased on 31st December, 1866, and our Firm now consists of WILLIAM WALKINSHAW, PHINEAS RIBEIRO, WILLIAM JAMES BRYANS and EDWARD CAZEY SMITH.

TURNER & Co.

tf 18 Hongkong, 1st January, 1867.

NOTICE OF PARTNERSHIP.

ON and after the 1st proximo, Mr. Z. BASTON will be admitted as Partner in my firm, he business from this date being conducted ointly under the style of

JAMESON & BARTON.

tf 583 Hongkong, 4th March, 1867.

MR. ARTHUR OLIS GAY, is authorized to sign our firm, at Yokohama, Japan.

AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.

2m 468 Hongkong, 16th February, 1867.

THE Business hitherto carried on by the Undersigned will from this date be conducted under the name and style of J. J. DOS REMEDIOS & Co., Mr. ALEXANDRE ANTONIO DOS REMEDIOS and Mr. HERMENEGILDO ANTONIO LEITAO have been authorised to sign the firm per procuration.

J. J. DOS REMEDIOS.

tf 503 Hongkong, 1st January, 1867.

NOTICE.

MR. R. ALLYBHOY, being about to leave this place for Bombay, the management of our firm henceforth will be conducted by Mr. THAYEBBHOY MAHOMED, who has taken charge of our business, and is authorised to sign our name.

MAHOMED DHURUMSEY & Co.

tf 2885 Hongkong, 7th December, 1866.

I HAVE this day established myself in business as MERCHANT AND COMMISSION AGENT, under the style or firm of LADD & Co.

JOHN H. LADD.

tf 912 Hongkong, 7th May, 1866.

NOTICE.

WE HAVE this day established ourselves at this Port, as General Merchants and Commission Agents under the style and firm of GRUN & Co.

ERNST GRUN,
C. C. OPSTELTEN.
Office, Peel Street, No. 13.

tf 287 Hongkong, 28th January, 1867.

THE Partnership hitherto existing between Messrs. M. F. LESSLER, C. HAGEN and P. F. DA SILVA, has this day been DISSOLVED by mutual consent. Outstanding accounts will be settled by either of the partners, who will henceforth sign the firm in liquidation.

LESSLER & HAGEN.

3m 148 Formosa, 31st December, 1866. [J14

WITH reference to the above the business for the future will be continued by the Undersigned, under the firm of

HAGEN, DA SILVA & Co.

Mr. C. H. COLLINS will sign the firm, per procuration, at Tamsui and Kelung.

C. HAGEN.
P. F. DA SILVA.

3m 149 Formosa, 1st January, 1867. [J14

Notices of Firms.

HAVE this day established myself at Hankow as PUBLIC TEA INSPECTOR AND GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT, under the firm of ALEX. DOWNIE & Co.

ALEX. DOWNIE.

tf 600 Hankow, 18th March, 1866. Ap.10

NOTICE.

THE interest and responsibility of Mr. A. R. CASE, in our firm CEASED to-day.

CASE & Co.

tf 359 Nagasaki, 1st January, 1867. [F6

THE business of Messrs. JOHN FORBES and Co. Public Tea Inspectors and Commission Agents, at this Port, has been transferred to the undersigned, who will continue the same in his own name from this date.

EDWARD W. LOVELL.

tf 1208 Kiukiang, May, 1st 1866. [J11

Vessels on the Berth.

STEAM TO
SWATOW, AMOY & FOOCHOW.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steam-ship

"ADEN,"

will have quick dispatch for the above Ports.

W. R. DALZIEL, *Act. Superintendent.*

tf 837 Hongkong, 8th April, 1867.

STEAM TO
SHANGHAI
(taking Cargo for Yokohama and Nagasaki.)

THE P. & O. S. N. Company's Steam-ship

"MALACCA"

will leave for the above places about 24 hours after the arrival of the English Mail.

W. R. DALZIEL, *Acting Superintendent.*

tf 839 Hongkong, 4th April, 1867.

FOR MANILA, *(direct.)*

THE A 1 Spanish barque

"MINERVA."

Diaz, *Master*, will have immediate dispatch as above.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

REYNOLDS & Co.

7d 818 Hongkong, 3rd April, 1867.

FOR BANGKOK.

THE Hawaiian ship

"B. L. HARRIMAN,"

Captain Winding, will have early dispatch as above.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

RUSSELL & Co.

tf 825 Hongkong, 3rd April, 1867.

FOR YOKOHAMA, *(direct.)*

THE British Steam-ship

"FUSIYAMA,"

Callaghan, Master, having engaged the largest portion of her Cargo, will be dispatched for the above Port on or before the 10th instant.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

LANDSTEIN & Co.

83 819 Hongkong, 3rd April, 1867.

FOR NAGASAKI.

THE A 1 Prussian Barque

"SALAMANDER,"

having the greater part of her Cargo engaged, will have quick dispatch for above Port.

For Freight, apply to

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.

tf 816 Hongkong, 2nd April, 1867.

FOR NAGASAKI.

THE French barque

"EMMANUEL,"

Gallier du Condray, Master, having the greater portion of her Cargo engaged, will have quick dispatch for the above Port.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

FREDERIC DEGENAER,
8, D'Aguilar Street.

tf 813 Hongkong, 2nd April, 1868.

FOR MELBOURNE, *(Direct.)*

THE A 1 British ship

"JOSHUA BATES,"

Captain Sydserff, will be dispatched for the above Port, on or about the 10th April.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

ROZARIO & Co.

tf 791 Hongkong, 30th March, 1867.

FOR YOKOHAMA, *(Direct.)*

THE A 1 British barque

"AMIOUS,"

Captain Olsen, having the greater portion of her Cargo engaged will meet with immediate dispatch for the above Port.

For Freight or Passage apply to

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

tf 765 Hongkong, 26th March, 1867.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

THE A 1 American Clipper ship

"FREE TRADE,"
Smith, *Master*,

having part of her Cargo engaged, will have quick dispatch for the above Port.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

BOSMAN & Co.

tf 576 Hongkong, 4th March, 1867.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

THE A 1 British Clipper ship

"CHIELSEA,"

of 904 Tons Register, Captain Lowe, will have early dispatch as above.

For Freight, apply to

RUSSELL & Co.

tf 723 Hongkong, 21st March, 1867.

FOR NEW YORK.

THE A 1 American Clipper ship

"WINDWARD,"

Captain Barrett, having the greater portion of her Cargo engaged, will load at Whampoa and ship for the above Port, and meet with quick dispatch.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

OLYPHANT & Co.

tf 455 Hongkong, 14th February, 1867.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

THE A 1 American Clipper ship

"CALIFORNIA,"

Barber, Master, 1,413 Tons Register, will have quick dispatch for the above Port.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

BOSMAN & Co.

tf 838 Hongkong, 11th March, 1867.

For Freight or Charter.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

THE French barque

"MARIA MORTON,"

Captain Morello, of 8,000 Piculs carrying capacity. Apply to

REYNVAAN, BROTHERS & Co.

tf 811 Hongkong, 2nd April, 1867.

FOR SALE
Ex "*Min.*"

PORTLAND CEMENT.
ROMAN CEMENT.
COPAL VARNISH.
PAPER VARNISH.
WHITE LEAD.
WHITE ZINC.
RED LEAD, &c., &c.
BASS' PALE ALE, in Pints and Quarts.

BOWRA & Co.

4w 849 Hongkong, 8th April, 1867.

FOR SALE, Ex "*DUPLEIX.*"

FRENCH BUTTER in Tins weighing 12 and 5 lbs. each.

JOHN SCIPPER,
Ship Chandler,
Webster Row.

1m 851 Hongkong, 5th April, 1867.

FOR SALE.

BREAKFAST CLARET, $3 to $5 for each Dozen.

G. DUBOST & Co.

1m 841 Hongkong, 5th April, 1867.

PER STEAMER "*DUPLEIX.*"

JUST RECEIVED FRENCH BUTTER, in Tins, weighing 12 lbs. and 5 lbs. each.

G. DUBOST & Co.

1m 840 Hongkong, 5th April, 1867.

INDIA RUBBER COATS and Mackintoshes assorted Colors and sizes.

RAY & Co.

1m 783 Hongkong, 29th March, 1867.

2 HANDSOME 7 OCTAVE ROSEWOOD, English-made, COTTAGE PIANOS.

RAY & Co.

1m 784 Hongkong, 30th March, 1867.

Vessels Loading.

Destination	Vessel's Name	Captain	At	For Freight Apply to	To be Dispatched
NEW YORK	Windward	Barrett	Hongkong	Olyphant & Co.	Quick dispatch.
SAN FRANCISCO	Free Trade	Smith	Hongkong	Bosman & Co.	Quick dispatch.
Do.	California	Barber	Hongkong	Bosman & Co.	Quick dispatch.
Do.	Chelsea	Lowe	Hongkong	Russell & Co.	Quick dispatch.
MELBOURNE	Joshua Bates	Sydserff	Hongkong	Rozario & Co.	On or about 10th April.
MANILA	Minerva	Diaz	Hongkong	Reynolds & Co.	Quick dispatch.
Do.	Monarch	Macey	Hongkong	Gilman & Co.	Quick dispatch.
BANGKOK	B. L. Harriman	Winding	Hongkong	Russell & Co.	Quick dispatch.
YOKOHAMA	Amiens	Olsen	Hongkong	Gibb, Livingston & Co.	Quick dispatch.
Do.	Fusiyama (str.)	Callaghan	Hongkong	Landstein & Co.	On or before the 10th.
NAGASAKI	Emmanuel	Condray	Hongkong	E. Degenaer	Quick dispatch.
Do.	Salamander		Hongkong	Arnhold, Karberg & Co.	Quick dispatch.
SHANGHAI	Malacca (str.)		Hongkong	P. & S. N. Co.	Quick dispatch.
SWATOW, AMOY & FOOCHOW	Aden (str.)		Hongkong	P. & O. S. N. Co.	Quick dispatch.
Do. Do.	Douglas (str.)	Pitman	Hongkong	Douglas Lapraik & Co.	Quick dispatch.

For Sale.

ALEX. BOYER
HAS
JUST RECEIVED BY THE LAST
FRENCH MAIL STEAMER.

A FINE assortment of FOULARDS for Summer.

White and Fancy BURNOUS for the approaching Season.

A very large Stock of French Printed MUSLINS.

A very large Stock of Fronch CHECKS.

A very large Stock of French PERCALE and JACONET.

French CORSETS.

Fancy SKIRTS in all the latest patterns.

A carefully selected lot of the newest designs in Ladies' BELT BUCKLES and BELT RIBBONS.

White Kid and Lisle Thread GLOVES.

Linen Pocket HANDKERCHIEFS.

A large lot of Crinoline SKIRTS of the latest Parish Fashion.

Christy's FELT HATS for Gentlemen in all the new Shapes.

Ellwood's patent Air Chamber HELMETS and Shooting HATS.

All the newest Shapes in Gentlemen's COLLARS, White and Coloured.

Thread and Cotton SOCKS.

Silk UMBRELLAS.

Gentlemen's French-made SHIRTS.

DUCKS and DRILLS for Trousers.

Black Silk PARAMATTAS.

Black and Blue French MERINOS.

White French MADAPOLLAMS.

Cotton and Linen SHEETINGS.

Turkish TOWELS.

Travelling TRUNKS, &c., &c., &c.

Corner of Wellington & d'Aguilar Streets.

tf 847 Hongkong, 6th April 1867.

THE Undersigned begs to tender his sincere thanks to his Friends and the Residents of this Colony, for the very liberal support they have given him since he commenced Business; and begs to state that, as he has removed to more Commodious Premises, and secured the services of an experienced European Plumber and Gasfitter, he is prepared to execute work with greater facility than heretofore; and trusts they will still favor him with that support hitherto enjoyed.

ANDREW MILLAR,
Plumber and Gasfitter
1, Queen's Road East.

EX "*BLACK PRINCE*"

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT of the following:—

HOUSE and SHIP WATER CLOSETS.
WASH-HAND BASINS.
URINALS.
"LIFT-AND-FORCE" PUMPS.
PATENT COCKS.
HIGH PRESSURE COCKS.
THREE-WAY BATH COCKS.
WASH-HAND BASIN COCKS, (Electro-plated) for Hot and Cold Water supplies.
PATENT FILTERS, for connecting to House supplies from main.
BELL FITTINGS.
WATER and TALLOW SYRINGES, for MARINE ENGINE use.
WATER and STEAM FITTINGS, of every description.
SHEET LEAD and LEAD PIPE of all sizes.

[THE TRADE SUPPLIED.

ANDREW MILLAR,
House and Ship Plumber,
1, Queen's Road East.

tf 770 Hongkong, 27th March, 1867.

FOR SALE.

YELLOW Metal, 19 to 28 oz., Muntz and Vivian's JOHN BURD & Co.

tf 670 Hongkong, 6th April, 1866.

TATHAM'S BRANDY in 1 doz. cases.
" SHERRY " 3 "
" PORT " 2 "
" CLARET " 1 "

BIRLEY & Co.

FOR SALE.

VIVIEN'S YELLOW METAL SHEATHING, 20/28 ounce. Apply to

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.

7d 827 Hongkong, 4th April, 1867.

FOR SALE.

A FEW CASES of *Adolphe Collin's* Bouzy Mousseux CHAMPAGNE, also a good selection of *L. Jaunay & Co's* Association Vinicole de la CHAMPAGNE.

CLARET, real Château Margaux.
HUT BAGES.
L'ESPARRE DUROC.

Also

A quantity of IRON COLUMNS,
For particulars apply to

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.

tf 610 Hongkong, 8th March, 1867.

FOR SALE A Set of Double PONY HARNESS very complete, and handsome, best London make; Price $80.

Apply at the Office of this Paper.

tf 2758 Hongkong, 8th November, 1866.

FOR SALE.
FOR FAMILY USE.

BUTTER in small packages, Prime YORK HAMS, Calcutta RUMPS and TONGUES (corned.) Fine Zante Currants, in 5 lbs. Tins, Golden Syrup, Ox Tongues, (smoked,) Plum Puddings, Prime Wiltshire Bacon, Ground Coffee, Raisins, Potted Meats, assorted; Tart-fruits, Pickles, Jams, Tapioca, Arrowroot, Sardines, Maccaroni, Vermicelli, Sauces, Ketchups, Vinegar, Fancy Biscuits, Capers, Salad Oil, Olives, Mustard, Chocolate and Milk, Hennessy, Marbell and other Brandies. Superior old Port and Pale Sherry, Variety of Claret, Sauternes, Champagne, &c. Bass' Pale Ale, in pints and quarts. Fine old Whiskey, Rum, Hollands, &c., &c.

SHIPS' USE.

Preserved Meats and Soups in great variety in 1 and 2 lb tins. Preserved Vegetables, Green Peas, Green Corn, Asparagus; Oatmeal, Pitch, Tar; Oakum, Resin, Twine, Canvas, Europe and Manilla Rope assorted sized; Bolt Rope, Hatting Marline, &c., Fishing lines, Log lines, Rigging and Pump Leather, Hooks and Thimbles, Dive Irons, Bonnet Irons, Galvanized Wire Rope, Oakum, &c., Patent and Common Bush-blocks and Sheaves, English Tallow and Cotton Waste, Side-lights, Mast-head lights, Spare Green and Red Glasses, Shovels, Buckets, Aneroids, Sextants, Spy Glasses and Anchor Lanterns.

Epsom Salts, Tartaric Acid, Bi-carbonate of Soda, and a variety of other Goods.

Apply to

FAWCETT & Co.

1m 848 Hongkong, 11th March, 1867.

JUST IMPORTED.

BEST Habana CIGARETTOS,
Pure Usted.

Apply
at the Manila and Cavite Cigar Depôt
Stanley Street, No. 8.

tf 657 Hongkong, 12th March, 1867.

A PONY CARRIAGE, with pair of Manila PONIES, HARNESS, &c., complete. Address H.A., *Daily Press* Office.

tf 2272 Hongkong, 18th December, 1866.

FOR SALE.

100 BARRELS Prime Hamburg PORK.
50 Barrels Prime Hamburg BEEF.
Apply to MULLER & CLAUSSEN.

tf 773 Hongkong, 27th March, 1867.

FOR SALE.

THE American Model YACHT "*RE-ECHO*" with SAILS, SPARS and RIGGING, complete. Apply to F. SIMONS, Esq., Commercial Billiard Rooms or

F. MURRAY, *East Point.*

tf 648 Hongkong, 11th March, 1867.

CHOICE BALDWIN APPLES, now landing from Ice Ship *Wild Rose*. For sale at the ICE HOUSE.

tf 786 Hongkong, 30th March, 1867.

For Sale.

SAYLE & Co.
(LATE SAYLE, PEACOCK & Co.)
VICTORIA EXCHANGE,

Have pleasure in announcing that their SPRING STOCK is now ready for inspection, comprising

a large lot
FANCY TROWSERINGS, TWEEDS,
FANCY FLANNELS FOR SUITS,
DRILLS, VESTINGS AND
FRENCH CASHMERES,
BLACK, BLUE & MILITARY
BROAD CLOTHS.
WHITE CASHMERES & BED
FORD CORDS.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT
under the management of a West end Cutter.

A PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED.

GENTS' UNDER CLOTHING in SILK, SILK AND WOOL, GAUZE AND MERINO, LONG CLOTH & CRIMEAN SHIRTS.
COTTON, LISLE, & SILK SOCKS.
SILK AND CAMBRIC POCKET HANDKERCHIEFS.
SUSPENDERS AND TIES.
COLLARS,
in a variety of new shapes.
WOOL and SILK & WOOL PAJAMAS.
TRAVELLING
RUGS AND SCOTCH MAUDS.
SILK UMBRELLAS,
PERFUMERY, BRUSHES, &c., &c.
TAPESTRY and BRUSSELS CARPETS.
HEARTH RUGS.
OIL CLOTHS and TABLE BAIZES,
AMERICAN LEATHERS,
in various colors.
PRINTED
AND EMBROIDERED TABLE COVERS.
DAMASK NAPKINS and CLOTHS
in all sizes.
HUCKABACK & TURKISH TOWELS.
LINEN and COTTON SHEETINGS.
BED QUILTS.
MUSLIN and LACE WINDOW CURTAINS

LEATHER PORTMANTEAUS.
TRAVELLING BAGS, and FANCY LEATHER GOODS.
ELLWOOD'S AIR CHAMBER HELMETS
BLACK and DRAB FELT HATS.
BLACK PARIS DRESS HATS.
STRAW, TUSCAN AND PANAMA HATS
TWEED & CLOTH TRAVELLING HATS,
SCOTCH CAPS, &c.

tf 582 Hongkong, 28th February, 1867.

FOR SALE.

At the East Point Machine Shop and Boiler Works.

ASSORTED SIZES LOWMOOR & STIRON CRAFT BOILER PLATES, SHEET and BAR IRON, and RIVETS; Best CROWN SCRAP PLATES; SHEET, BAR and ANGLE IRON and RIVETS, GRATE BARS, BOILER TUBES, English-made WASHERS, BOLTS, NUTS, PILES, GAS PIPES, TEES, ELBOWS, UNIONS and LONG SCREWS.

BLISTER, Spring and Double SHEAR STEEL; BABBITS and MUNTZ' METAL, YELLOW METAL, BARS and BOLTS, COPPER PLATES, PIPES, SHEETS, and BARS, TUCK'S PACKING, SHEET RUBBER, Russia HEMP, and Cotton SPUNYARN.

American Steam WHISTLES, Steam and Vacuum GUAGES, GUAGE COCKS and GLASSES, THERMOMETERS, SALOMETERS, SHOVELS, FIRE BRICKS and CLAY.

Also one small Foot LATHE; two Centrifugal PUMPS, suitable for Docks, &c., &c., &c.

BRASS, COPPER and IRON CASTINGS made at reasonable prices.

For particulars apply to

D. ILLINGWORTH,
Foreman.

tf 561 Hongkong, 1st March, 1867.

FOR SALE.

1,000 TONS Newport WELSH COAL.
1,000 tons WEST HARTLEY ENGLISH COAL.
Ex Ship or in Godown.
Apply to MORGAN, LAMMERT & Co.

tf 1402 Hongkong, 14th July, 1866.

FOR SALE.

COALS, suitable for Household purposes.
Apply to

ROBT. S. WALKER & Co.

tf 2292 Hongkong, 19th October, 1866.

RECEIVED BY LAST MAIL.
RACE GLASSES.

A Fine assortment of Superior JEWELLERY for Ladies and Gentlemen, by *Wilsham; and Mathieu and Peck*, London.

C. HOCHSTETTER.
Queen's Road.

tf 272 Hongkong, 10th February, 1867.

FOR SALE.

ABOUT 750 Tons of LABUAN STEAM COAL. Apply to

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

tf 1961 Hongkong, 19th September, 1866.

TOBACCO!!
153, *Queen's Road.*
TURKISH TOBACCO.
LATAKIA, one Box, $1.25.
TOBACCO PIPES, in great variety.

E. BRISSONNET.

17d 747 Hongkong, 25th March, 1867.

FOR SALE.

A HIGHLY finished Fashionable BASKET PONY CARRIAGE, by *Lenny*, with set of single HARNESS. Price moderate, apply to

BOWRA & Co.

tf 394 Hongkong, 9th February, 1867.

FOR SALE.

FIRST Class Rangoon TEAK PLANKS of Sizes. Apply to

P. & A. C. CAMAJEE & Co.

tf 1606 Hongkong, 27th July 1866.

FOR SALE.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

NO. 1 MANILA CIGARS & CHEROOTS, in boxes of 250.
No. 2 MANILA CIGARS and CHEROOTS, in boxes of 500 each.
No. 4 and 5 MANILA CIGARS, in boxes of 500 each.
No. 2 CAVITE CIGARS and CHEROOTS, in Boxes of 500 each.
VIGUEROS, IMPERIALES, CABELLA-RA REGALIAS and LONDRES, in boxes of 125 each. Apply to

A. L. AGABEG, JR.
No. 8, Graham Street.

tf 595 Hongkong, 5th March, 1867.

FOR SALE.

SUPERIOR NORWEGIAN CODFISH, in 5 Tins.
Fine HOLSTEIN BUTTER, in Kegs.

PETERSEN BROTHERS & Co.,
Praya.

1m 786 Hongkong, 26th March, 1867.

FOR SALE.
Ex "*Burnside.*"

Fifty Barrels BEEF.
50 " PORK.
50 " BUTTER.
100 Casks CUT NAILS.
ASH OARS.

Apply to SMITH, ARCHER & Co.

tf 210 Hongkong, 19th January, 1867.

For Sale.

FOR SALE.

A CHERR-COLOURED JAPANESE PONY, quiet to ride and quite sound. Apply to Mr. BUTCHER's Livery Stables, rear of Murray Barracks.

tf 608 Hongkong, 8th March, 1867.

THE BOILERS, ENGINES and SPARE GEAR of the Screw Steamer *Luzon*, built by A. & J. INGLIS, of Glasgow, in June, 1864.

For particulars apply to

PHILLIPS, MOORE & Co.

tf 1463 Hongkong, 10th July, 1866.

FOR SALE.

A FEW CASES of *Messrs. R. Huetley & Son's* SHERRY, just received.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

tf 399 Hongkong, 11th February, 1867.

FOR SALE.

THAT ROW of six HOUSES, immediately above *Caine Road*, known as *West Terrace*, and situated on a portion of Inland Lot, No. 425.

For particulars, apply to

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.

tf 404 Hongkong, 11th February, 1867.

MUSIC in SHEETS, SONG BOOKS, and BOUND BOOKS of MUSIC in large variety.

RAY & Co.

1m 785 Hongkong, 29th March, 1867.

SHEATHING FELT.

RAY & Co.

1m 786 Hongkong, 29th March, 1867.

JOHN FOULGER & SONS' Paints and Linseed Oil, John Crabble & Co.'s Ginger wine.

Tubular Manila Rope.
Yellow Metal and Nails.

OXFORD & Co.

tf 418 Hongkong, 3rd March, 1866.

AT THE BAZAAR EUROPEAN.

AUHLMAN begs to invite his Friends and the Public to inspect his new Stock of Drapery, Haberdashery, Hosiery Jewellery and Fancy Goods, &c., arrived by last mail, which with be disposed of at very moderate prices, viz:—

Cotton, Linen and Woollen Shirts.
Ready-made Clothing.
Felt Hats (assorted Shapes and Colors.)
Table Covers.
Towelling.
Men's Socks.
Rugs.
Umbrellas.
French and English Boots.
Perfumery.
Opera Glasses.
Watches (Gold and Silver.)
Gold Chains.
Meerschaum Pipes and Cigar Holders, and several other Articles too numerous to mention.

FOR SALE.

100 Barrels PRIME PORK. 100 Barrels MESS BEEF. Apply to

SMITH, ARCHER & Co.

tf 59 Hongkong, 4th January, 1867.

FOR SALE.

(Received direct from Portugal.)

VERY Choice, unadulterated PORT WINE chiefly adapted for invalids.

Also,

Superior HUNGARIAN RED WINE.
BEAUJOLAIS VILLARD, in cases of 4 dozens each, price $4.50 per dozen. Reduction made to wholesale purchasers.

Spread Breakfast CLARETS, $3.50 upwards.
After Dinner CLARETS, in great variety.

LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.

tf 335 Hongkong, 2nd February, 1867.

FOR SALE.

(By late arrivals)

POMERANIAN GOOSEBREASTS.
WESTPHALIA HAMS, YORK HAMS.
WETTERAU CHEESE.
GRUERE CHEESE.
FINEST FRENCH CHOCOLATE.
ASSORTED FRENCH CONFECTIONERY.
MACCARONI & VERMICELLI, of superior quality in tins.

LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.

tf 334 Hongkong, 2nd February, 1867.

FOR SALE.

Ex Chiarra, Lucerne, Ariel, and Shamiza.

BEST Jamaica RUM, in Hogsheads.
do. BASS' PALE ALE, in quarts and Pints.
TENNENT'S do. do. do.
GUINESS' STOUT, Dublin, bottled by Henry, in quarts and Pints.
Good DINNER SHERRY, from $6 per dozen and upwards.
HENNESSY'S PALE OLD BRANDY.
GINGER WINE. GINGER BRANDY.
KINAHAN'S *LL* IRISH WHISKEY.
Best Islay WHISKEY.
500 Drums HUBBACK'S Pale boiled LINSEED OIL in 5 Gals.
100 Drums HUBBACK'S RAW OIL.
5 Tons HUBBACK'S Best White ZINC.
3 Do. do. Black PAINT.
HUBBACK'S RED LEAD, Green, Yellow and Brown Paint, Prussian Blue.
PEACOCK'S Patent Composition.
MACKILLOP'S do. do.
GALVANISED WIRE ROPE.
Do. THIMBLES, HANKS, SHACKLES, &c., &c.

LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.

tf 396 Hongkong, 1st February, 1867.

FOR SALE.

THE PROPERTY belonging to the Estate of B. H. CAMA, consisting of the Commodious three-storied DWELLING HOUSE with Godowns attached, situated on the *Praya*, westward of *Pedder's Wharf*. Four Stone Godowns at *West Point*; and Four Stone Godowns at *Wanchai*.

For further particulars, apply to

AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.,
Attorneys for the Trustees
of B. H. Cama's Estate.

tf 258 Hongkong, 24th January, 1867.

ONE COPY of each of the following WORKS may be had by applying at the *Daily Press* Office:—

Allison's History of England	83.00
Crawford's Descriptive Duty of India Islands	6.00
Hyde's Elements of Gunnery	5.50
Mile's Epitome of the Naval Service	4.00
Index Geographica	7.50
Palgrave's Arabia 2 vols.	9.00
Commercial Production of Vegetable Kingdom	7.50
Debret's Peerage	3.00
Dod's Parliamentary Companion	2.00
Tate's Cambist	2.00

75 Hongkong, 8th January, 1867.

LETTERS of ADMINISTRATION having been Granted to the Undersigned, under the Seal of the Probate Court of Hongkong the 7th day of August, A.D. 1866, in the estate of the late HENRY NOELLE.

All persons having claims against the estate are required to send them in as early as possible and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to pay to him the accounts without delay.

MAXIMILIAN FISCHER,
Administrator.

tf 1708 Hongkong, 9th August, 1866.

TELEGRAPH AGENCY, POINT DE GALLE.

MR. THOMAS CLARK continues to act as Agent for "REUTER'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY," and will receive and forward all Messages to Europe, or *vice versa* by the Indo-European line, or via Suez, carefully registering the same.

tf 8.5 Galle, 13th April, 1865.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

THE OFFICE of the undersigned is temporarily REMOVED to the former premises of the ASIATIC BANKING CORPORATION, adjoining, Messrs. SMITH, KENNEDY & Co., *Queen's Road.*

AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.

tf 752 Hongkong, 25th March, 1867.

Intimations.

NEITHER the Captain nor the Consignees of the Hamburg schooner "*FRISOLI*," will be RESPONSIBLE for any Debts contracted by the Crew of the above vessel.

tf 724 Hongkong, 21st March, 1867.

THE MEMBERS of the late HONGKONG VOLUNTEER CORPS, are hereby requested to return without delay to the Undersigned the RIFLES they have been allowed to retain pending sanction for their purchase, the same not having been allowed.

H. COHEN.

tf 881 Hongkong, 14th March, 1867.

VICTORIA PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY.
No. 62, Queen's Road Central.

THE Undersigned have much pleasure in announcing the opening of their PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY, on MONDAY next, April 8, 1867, and until further notice from 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.

To meet the wishes of the community generally, a Waiting Room has been furnished with every necessary requisite, consistent with a first class Establishment, including foreign and local papers.

A Glass Studio on a new and improved principle, has been constructed at a great expense, for the purpose of obtaining a better illumination, consequently, a rapid impression of the latent image, and a more natural expression, which cannot be obtained by long sittings; the following inventions, will for the first time be introduced into this Colony, the MIRROR-TYPE, MEDALIONS, ENAMELLED PROCESS, &c., &c.

FLOYD & Co.,
(late Operators to Messrs. Silveira & Co.)

tf 820 Hongkong, 3rd April, 1867.

TIMES OF DEPARTURES
OF THE
CHINA STEAM-SHIP AND LABUAN COAL COMPANY'S "Limited" Steamers from Singapore, to Sarawak, Labuan, Manila, Amoy and back.

No. 1.

Leaves Singapore,	4th	each month.
Arrives at Sarawak,	6th	"
Leaves Sarawak,	7th	"
Arrives at Labuan,	9th	"
Leaves Labuan,	13th	"
Arrives at Singapore,	17th	"

No. 2.

Leaves Singapore,	21st	each month, on arrival of French Mail.
Arrives at Labuan,	24th	each month.
Leaves Labuan,	25th	"
Arrives at Manila,	29th	"
Leaves Manila,	4th	following month.
Arrives at Amoy,	8th	"
Leaves Amoy,	12th	"
Arrives at Manila,	16th	"
Leaves Manila,	21st	with French Mail.

JOHN PITMAN,
Marine Superintendent.

tf 1733 Hongkong, 14th August, 1866.

THE Undersigned have been appointed Agents for Lloyds at CANTON and MACAO. Communications at Macao to be addressed to Mr. E. L. LANGA, H.B.M. Consular Agent there.

GILMAN & Co.

tf Hongkong, 25th April, 1863.

THE Steamer "*SIR JAMSETJEE JEEJEEBHOY*," HAS COMMENCED her Night Trips as usual, between Hongkong and Canton leaving Hongkong, on TUESDAYS and THURSDAYS, at 5 P.M., and SUNDAYS, at 7 A.M.; and will leave Canton, on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, at 5 P.M.

J. GODSILL,
Master.

tf 826 Hongkong, 1st February, 1867.

MR. J. A. GOMERINO has REMOVED from the *Hollywood Road* to the Premises No. 7, *Old Bailey Street.*

1m 817 Hongkong, 3rd April, 1867.

BEKANNTMACHUNG.

IN BEZUG auf die Bekanntmachung des königlichen General Consulates in Shanghai vom 29 December v.J., hiercoffs Transport und Anwerbung von Gedingen für Preussische Schiffe zeige ich hierdurch denjenigen die Interesse an der Sache nehmen, an dass die betreffende Reglomment im hiesigen Consulate und aufedem königl. Vice Consulate in Hongkong aushängt und eingesehen werden kann; verweise aber auch drückloh darauf, dass Chinesische Coolies nur da angeworben und angeführt werden dürfen, wo ausnter Aufsicht Chinesischer Oberbehörden gescheh

Extracts.

Prussia and Germany.

Whatever be the amount of condemnation for the want of scrupulosity in his choice of means, which must now, or will hereafter be meted out to Count Bismark, it will always remain just as impossible as it is to-day to deny him, clearness of vision in the selection of his end. He may have been at times both reckless and despotic; but he is a vigilant, acute, and far seeing statesman. What makes him stand out in such distinct relief from all the masters of what delights to call itself *la haute politique* is the boldness with which he invariably parades his schemes before the world, and takes the whole of Europe into his confidence as to his plans before proceeding to execute them. No man was ever deceived by Count Bismark except by his own fault. Many, indeed most of us, have been terribly taken in by him; not however, because we believed him, but precisely because we did not. He is the most remarkable illustration of the truth of one of the shrewdest sayings of Cardinal de Retz, that "men are more often the dupes of suspicion than of confidence." In private life nearly everybody of experience has found this to be the case; but Count Bismark is perhaps the first diplomatist who has made it true in public life as well. Europe could not bring itself to believe that he meant all he said, that he was bent on such amazing schemes, and would have the courage to push them to their arduous conclusion through the perils of war and the annihilation of treaties. People could not help suspecting that, though he intended something both desperate and dazzling, it was not the thing that he audaciously held up before their eyes. They thought he was bent only upon making a big Prussia, and was ready to throw a sop to his sensitive neighbour across the Rhine, or a douceur to the would-be residuary legatee of the "sick man," in order to attain his end. But they proved to be altogether mistaken. He was bent upon something considerably greater than the end which they imputed to him, and he was not prepared to give for this greater end even what they imagined he was ready to sacrifice for the smaller. He meant simply what he said, to make one Germany, and thrust Austria, with her non-German provinces, completely out of it. It has been said of another illustrious adept in statecraft that he so habitually employs words only to conceal his thoughts, that not only can people not believe what he says, but that they cannot believe even the opposite. Count Bismark is the very reverse of all this. He is a practical man, with all his bluster, and therefore is not likely to announce any intention of trying to annex the moon. But we are bound to say, that if he did make any such declaration of his intent we should believe him; and that if there were lunar inhabitants they could not be too quick in preparing to resist him. Accordingly, now that he declares, more plainly than ever, that he not only does not want at present to incorporate the German States south of the Maine in the Northern Confederation, but that he will oppose any attempts to bring about such an immediate consummation, we give complete credence to his declaration. Even if we failed to apprehend sufficient reasons for his conduct, we should not any the less have faith in its genuineness. But reasons abound, and they are not such as have hitherto altogether escaped observation. It must not for one moment be supposed that his attitude towards South Germany is intended in the least to operate as a check upon the military unification movement, in which Bavaria under the guidance of Prince Hohenlohe, has taken so conspicuous a lead. The Bavarian proposals to the three other South German States are now being seriously discussed, and no one is more interested than Count Bismark himself in their being brought to a successful and practical conclusion. But though he is most anxious to see nine millions of Germans south of the Maine organising their respective armies on the scale and after the pattern which he himself has set them, and will then be willing to enter with them into an alliance which, whatever may be its formal terms, will be actually one offensive and defensive against all the possible foes of Germany, he is determined not to pay for the execution of thus much of his policy so heavy a price at that of permitting them, even should they wish it and were it otherwise practicable, to enter into the domestic bosom, already full and distracted enough, of the Northern Confederacy. He has enough on his hands already; and could a man so fertile in contrivance and so difficult of opposition provoke so patronizing a sentiment as that of pity, we confess that he would at this moment have our profound commiseration. Putting aside all our own sympathies and opinions, and regarding the question with which he has to deal from the exclusively German point of view, which is that Germany ought to be strong against all possible aggression, we confess that we are compelled to side with him against all his German opponents. The election to the Federal Parliament affords a fair insight into the views of the so called liberal party in Germany, and they prove these to be nearly as dreamy and impracticable as they were eighteen years ago. Well may Count Bismark take pains to get their upholders described and branded through the country as "men who for years have been endeavouring to prevent what has now been so triumphantly achieved." Let it not be supposed that they professed to oppose it. They were more rampant and blustered far louder than Bismark in behalf of a united Germany; whilst he was marching resolutely to the common end, they were unconsciously doing their utmost to baulk him, and to disunite the Fatherland more profoundly than ever. Equally with Count Bismark, they wanted to despoil Denmark of Schleswig-Holstein; but instead of turning the iniquitous transaction to some useful purpose, they would have made confusion more confounded by the unnecessary obtrusion of the Prince of Augustenburg. They are quite as scrupulous as the Prussian Premier, but they are far less shrewd. Indeed they have no political wit or sense of any kind. They are the Radicals of Germany, and Bismark is determined not to have the game spoiled by their ridiculously bad play. They are numerous and they are noisy, and the admission of the Southern States would make them still more so. Despite the large proportion of Roman Catholics south of the Maine, professors and windy democrats abound there as well, and Count Bismark wisely deems that he has enough of these gentlemen to deal with already. Hence, on the other hand, their loud and denunciatory complaints that by his policy he is again dividing Germany in twain. But he sees their object quite as clearly, to say the least of it, as they see his. They long to join their obstreperous brethren in the North in the attempt to control his more cautious and conservative policy. To further democratic schemes they would risk the real unity and even safety of their country. But the why count is not thus to be outwitted. Possibly, in the long run, he may be thwarted in his idea of having only one Germany, but it will not be by them. For the present he encourages the formation of a military confederation in the South, with which the North may form a convenient alliance, but he will hear of nothing more. This resolve may ultimately lead to the erection of a *bona fide* and self-existing South German Confederation. In that case, no doubt, Count Bismark would be both baulked and disappointed, but not half so much as he would be now if he wholly broke, or permitted to be broken through, the barriers which at present prevent a host of hot-headed and crazy Liberals from swelling the ranks of those who are already trying to undo all that he has so far done for the true interests of German security. For our part, we are quite content that both sides should eventually be disappointed. We cordially side, as we have said, with Count Bismark against his impracticable Radical opponents, and we feel satisfied that his policy alone can make North Germany genuinely powerful. But we shall have no cause for complaint if the steps which he thinks it necessary to take in order to secure this object should end in forming another powerful German State or Confederacy south of the Maine. Modern policy and warfare alike demand that States should not be too small; but the permanent interests both of Europe and humanity demand that they should not be too large. There are already more than forty million Germans. It is by no means absolutely necessary, either for their well-being or that of their neighbours, that in diplomacy and war they should always recognise but one voice and never wield but one sword.—*Herald.*

THE only authorised Agency, in China, for the sale of DR. JAYNE'S celebrated FAMILY MEDICINES, is
AT THE MEDICAL HALL, HONGKONG, where can be obtained with full directions, in either the English, French, German, Spanish, Swedish, Norwegian, Portuguese, Italian or Chinese languages, the following Medicines, viz: EXPECTORANT, HAIR TONIC, ALTERATIVE, LIQUID HAIR DYE, AGUE MIXTURE, CARMINATIVE, BALSAM, TONIC VERMIFUGE, LINIMENT or COUNTER IRRITANT, SANATIVE, PILLS and TAPE WORM SPECIFIC.
3m 423 Hongkong, 12th February, 1867.

Houses, Lands, Tenements, &c.

TO LET.

TO LET.

WITH immediate possession, the HOUSE lately occupied by MYRNA MEHDEE, in *Gage Street*, No. 9. For particulars, apply to HAJEE ALI ASGER & HAJEE ISMAIL.
tf 800 Hongkong, 1st April, 1867.

TO LET.

THE EXTENSIVE PREMISES, situated at the corner of *Queen's Road* and *Ice House Lane*, formerly occupied by the ASIATIC BANKING CORPORATION.
For particulars apply to
SMITH, KENNEDY & Co.
tf 562 Hongkong, 1st March, 1867.

THAT CONVENIENT RESIDENCE situate at the *Mullah*, adjoining MURRAY BARRACKS, containing 7 Rooms, Bath Rooms, Godown, &c., Water laid on. Rent moderate.
Also,
The PREMISES situated in *Queen's Road*, recently occupied by Mr. MILLAR, Plumber, may be divided into two Houses. Possession can be had immediately. For terms, apply to
THOS. W. BARRINGTON,
53, *Wyndham Street.*
tf 286 Hongkong, 28th January, 1867.

TO BE SOLD OR LET.

FROM the 1st June next, 1867, on *Bonham Road*, West Point, now in the occupation of the Hon. F. FORTH, Esq., a most desirable FAMILY RESIDENCE, having an extensive view of the Harbour.
The BASEMENT contains commodious and Lofty Cellars or Godowns.
The First Floor has a large Drawing Room, a Dining Room of the same size, two Parlours, a Storeroom and Bathroom.
On the Second Floor there are four Large Airy Bedrooms, with air Bathrooms and one Dressing room.
The Out Offices consist of Kitchen, Servants' rooms, Stabling, Coach-House, &c.
Water laid on.
For further particulars, apply to
THOMAS GREEN,
P. & O. S. N. Co., Hongkong.
tf 132 Hongkong, 12th January, 1867.

TO LET.

THE BUSINESS PREMISES, formerly occupied by Messrs E. & J. MEYER, consisting of Dwelling House and Spacious Godowns.
And,
The Office and Godowns formerly occupied by Messrs. H. JURGENS & Co.
Possession can be had at once.
Apply to JOHN BURD & Co.
tf 2595 Hongkong, 27th November, 1866.

SEVEN NEW GODOWNS, in rear of the Office of the Undersigned.
Apply to
PHILLIPS, MOORE & Co.
tf 2224 Hongkong, 10th October, 1866.

TO LET.

THE EXTENSIVE PREMISES on the *Queen's Road East*, lately occupied by the CENTRAL BANK OF WESTERN INDIA. Apply to
P. & A. C. CAMAJEE & Co.
tf 2216 Hongkong, 9th October, 1866.

TO LET.

FOR a term of years, with early possession, those desirable premises in Bank Buildings situated between the Agra Bank and Comptoir d'Escompte, at present in the occupation of the Bank of Hindustan, China, and Japan. The principal building is very suitable for division into Offices or Chambers.
For further particulars, apply to
GILMAN & Co.
tf 697 Hongkong, 17th April, 1866.

TO LET.

GRANITE GODOWNS at *Wanchai*, having water frontage. Apply to P. & A. C. CAMAJEE & Co.
tf 1723 Hongkong, 11th August, 1866.

With immediate possession.

THE Property known as "ALBACK PLACE," having a frontage of Eighty-three feet on *Wellington* and *Gage Streets*, and of two hundred and twenty-nine feet on *Aberdeen Street*, comprising a superficial area of about 19,000 square feet.
Annual Ground Rent £12 12s. 6d.
For further particulars apply to
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.
tf Hongkong, 24th February, 1867.

TO LET.

THE PREMISES of the late Oriental Hotel, consisting of three Houses, with Kitchen, Out-houses, and Stables. (Gas and Water being laid on all through the premises,) either together or separately. Alterations to suit parties may be made if taken for a length of time.
For particulars apply to LANDSTEIN & Co.
tf 1474 Hongkong, 11th July, 1865.

STORAGE.

IN FIRST-CLASS GRANITE GODOWNS, on the Praya, Apply to
S. E. BURBOWS & SONS.
tf 2657 Hongkong, 4th December, 1866.

TO BE LET.

THE OFFICE and GODOWN situated at the corner of Wellington and Aberdeen Streets, and at present in the occupation of Messrs. ELMENHORST and SANDER.
For particulars apply to
GIBB, LIVINGSTON and Co.
tf 8[illegible] Hongkong, 7th March, 1866.

LIGHTERAGE AND STORAGE.

THE Undersigned will undertake to land Cotton, Rice, Coals, and other Merchandise in their own Boats, and to receive the same on Storage in first class GRANITE GODOWNS on moderate terms.
ROBT. S. WALKER & Co.
tf Hongkong, 4th March, 1867.

TO LET.

THE HOUSE No. 2, *College Gardens*. Rent $110 Apply to W. WILSON.
tf 781 Hongkong, 29th March, 1867.

TO LET.

A LARGE OFFICE, on first Floor immediately in rear of the CLUB. Apply to BONNETT & Co.,
No. 1, Wyndham Street, Hongkong.
tf 748 Hongkong, 25th March, 1867.

TO LET.

(With possession on the 1st May next.)

THE detached Residence and Grounds at Pok-foo-lum, known as "BELMONT," and now in the occupation of CALEB T. SMITH, Esq. Apply to
GILMAN & Co.
tf 732 Hongkong, 22nd March, 1867.

TO LET.

THE HOUSES, at present occupied by Dr. MURRAY, corner of *Elgin Street*, containing 5 Rooms, Study, Store Room, Pantry, Bathroom & 3 Stall Stable, Coach House, &c. Water laid on
For terms, apply to
THOS. W. BARRINGTON,
53, *Wyndham Street.*
tf 450 Hongkong, 14th February, 1867.

FOUR GRANITE BUILT GODOWNS, situated in *Bonrington East*, each containing 5,000 Piculs capacity, having Water frontage. Apply to DORABJEE NOWROJEE,
Opposite the Oriental Bank.
tf 589 Hongkong, 5th March, 1867.

TWO Commodious Semi-detached DWELLING HOUSES, on *Bonham Road East*.
Apply to
Messrs. LYALL, STILL & Co.
tf 2090 Hongkong, 24th September, 1866.

TO LET.

THE whole or part of a HOUSE, situated in *Queen's Road Central*. For particulars, Apply to
HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.
tf 299 Hongkong, 29th January, 1867.

TO LET.

A COMMODIOUS HOUSE, of three Stories, situated in *Peel Street* suitable for Offices, and commanding the whole view of the harbour. Rent moderate. Apply to
DORABJEE NOWROWJEE,
Opposite the Oriental Bank.
tf 587 Hongkong, 5th March, 1867.

TO LET.

FIRST CLASS GODOWNS, fronting the Sea, in rear of the House lately occupied by Messrs OLIPHANT & Co. Apply to
THE BORNEO COMPANY, LIMITED.
tf 2719 Hongkong, 12th December, 1866.

TWO or three ROOMS suitable for an Office on the ground floor of the newly-built house on the Praya, next to the Oriental Bank.
For particulars apply to
P. E. CAMA & Co.
tf 1506 Hongkong, 3rd April, 1867.

To Let.

TO LET.

A FINE GARDEN, in *Happy Valley*, of about 3½ acres, with a new Mat Shed, commanding a splendid view over the whole *Valley* and a part of the Harbour, the ground is prepared with Guano, and a large lot of European Flowers and Vegetable Seeds and Garden Tools will be given by the lease.
Address A.Z., Office of this Paper.
tf 812 Hongkong, 2nd April, 1867.

HOUSES TO LET.

IN various Parts of Hongkong. A list of HOUSES with *size, locality* and *terms* can be seen at No. 53, *Wyndham Street.*
THOS. W. BARRINGTON.
tf 642 Hongkong, 11th March, 1867.

TO LET.

AN OFFICE with Bed Room, Boys' Rooms, &c., attached, rent moderate; board can be obtained at the Hotel. Apply at the HOTEL DE FRANCE, Old Central Police Station.
3m 165 Hongkong, 15th January, 1867.

TO LET.

WITH immediate possession, those spacious GODOWNS situated upon the *Praya*, formerly occupied by Messrs. BARNHAM & Co.
Apply to THOMAS WALLACE.
tf 306 Hongkong, 30th January, 1867.

TO LET.

TWO COMMODIOUS HOUSES, situated in *Elgin Street*, eituable for Families. Apply to
DORABJEE NOWROWJEE.
Opposite the Oriental Bank.
tf 588 Hongkong, 5th March, 1867.

A GODOWN or GODOWN and DWELLING-HOUSE and STORE, situated on the Praya, adjoining the Godowns of Messrs. GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co., and lately occupied by Messrs. THOMAS & Co., Ship Chandlers.
Apply to PHILLIPS, MOORE & Co.
tf 2443 Hongkong, 7th November, 1866.

STORAGE

CAN be obtained in the FINE GRANITE GODOWN, in rear of Messrs. PHILLIPS, MOORE & Co.'s Premises, nearly opposite the Canton and Macao Steamer Wharf.
Apply to LANDSTEIN & Co.
tf 167 Hongkong, 15th January, 1867.

STORAGE for any kind of GOODS, can be had at *Wanchai*, on very moderate terms, either with or without Fire Insurance, in the godowns of the Undersigned, to whom please apply
A. R. VAUCHER.
tf 381 Hongkong, 8th February, 1867.

Insurances.

NOTICE.
HONGKONG FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
REGISTERED UNDER THE COMPANY'S ORDINANCE FOR 1865.
Capital One Million Dollars.

THE above Company is now prepared to grant Policies against Fire, on Buildings and Goods on the usual terms.
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,
General Managers.
tf 1202 Hongkong, 9th June, 1866.

HONGKONG FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE following reduced rates will be charged in future for SHORT PERIOD Insurances, viz:—

One month	½ per cent.
Three months	¾ "
Six months	1 "

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,
General Managers Hongkong Fire Insurance Company.
tf 1639 Hongkong, 7th August, 1866.

REDUCTION
In the rates of premium for
FIRE INSURANCE.

THE Undersigned have (as already intimated in their Circular dated 14th October last,) received authority from the Secretary of the Royal Insurance Company to reduce the rate of Premium under certain circumstances, on private residences and on Furnitures and effects therein contained.
In cases of Dwelling Houses removed from the town the rate of premium will be three-quarters per cent. in place of one per cent. per annum as hitherto charged, and in cases of Residences so situated being detached or semi-detached the rate will be further reduced to one-half per cent.
The Royal's annual rates for Fire Insurance on the various classes of Buildings and their contents will therefore remain as follows until further notice, viz:—

Detached and semi-detached Dwelling Houses (removed from the town) and their contents.	½ per cent.
Other Dwelling Houses (similarly situated) and their contents	¾ per cent.
Offices and Godowns and their contents.	1 per cent.
First Class China Houses and their contents.	1½ per cent.
Other Risks by Special arrangement.	

ROBT. S. WALKER & Co.,
Agents, Royal Insurance Company.
tf 714 Hongkong, 9th November, 1866.

LIVERPOOL, LONDON, AND GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY.

UNTIL further notice the following Annual Rates will be charged for Fire Insurances, viz:—

Detached & semi-detached Dwelling Houses removed from town, and their contents.	½ per cent.
Other Dwelling Houses used strictly as such, and their contents.	¾ per cent.
Godowns, Offices, Shops, &c., and their contents.	1 per cent.

SMITH, KENNEDY & Co.,
Agents Liverpool, London, and Globe Insurance Company.
tf 869 Hongkong, 8th March, 1865.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
REDUCTION IN THE RATES OF PREMIUM.

UNTIL further notice the following Annual Rates will be charged for Fire Insurance, viz:—

Detached & semi-detached Dwelling Houses removed from town, and their contents.	½ per cent.
Other dwelling Houses, used strictly as such, and their contents.	¾ per cent.
Godowns, Offices, Shops, &c., and their contents.	1 per cent.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,
Agents Imperial Fire Insurance Company.
tf 864 Hongkong, 7th March, 1865.

REDUCTION
IN THE RATES OF PREMIUM FOR FIRE INSURANCE.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to REDUCE rates for FIRE INSURANCE for SHORT PERIODS, as follows:—

On Policies not exceeding 1 month	from ½ to ¼ per cent.
On Policies not exceeding 3 months	from ¾ to ½ "
On Policies not exceeding 6 months	from 1 to ¾ "

ROBT. S. WALKER & Co.,
Agents, Royal Insurance Company
tf 1809 Hongkong, 22nd August, 1866.

NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned have been appointed Agents for Hongkong and Canton, and are prepared to grant Insurance Policies against Fire on brick and tiled Godowns, Dwelling Houses, &c., and on Goods and other property stored therein.
THE BORNEO COMPANY, LIMITED.
tf 2814 Hongkong, 13th November, 1865.

AMICABLE INSURANCE OFFICE.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Insurance Office, are prepared to accept MARINE RISKS, and issue Policies on any First-class Sailing Vessels or Steamers on the usual terms, payable in case of loss, in China, Singapore, Calcutta, Bombay or London.
ROBT. S. WALKER & Co.
tf Hongkong, 8th October, 1863.

SUN FIRE OFFICE.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above office are prepared to grant Policies against Fire on the usual Terms and conditions. Risk will also be accepted at the following ports:—
Canton, by Messrs. DEACON & Co.
Macao, by E. L. LAPOA, Esq.
Amoy, by Messrs. BOYD & Co.
Foochow, by Messrs. KINHEAR & Co.
Full particulars of Rates, &c., may be obtained on application to
ADAM SCOTT & Co., Agents.
tf 1038 Hongkong, 23rd May, 1866.

Insurances.

YANG-TSZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION OF SHANGHAI.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Secretaries and Agents of this Association, are prepared to issue Policies upon Marine Risks at current rates of premium. Policies can be made payable in London, New York, Bombay, Calcutta, Singapore, Hongkong, Foochow and Shanghai.
In addition to the usual brokerage this Association returns to the assured of each year at the close of each current year, fifteen (15) per cent. of the profits of the Company for that year, divided pro rata to the amount of premium paid by each policy-holder.
RUSSELL & Co.
Hongkong, November, 1862.

YANG-TSZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION OF SHANGHAI.

A DIVIDEND of (8 per cent.) eight per cent. has been declared on the net Premia contributed to the above ASSOCIATION for the year ending 30th September, 1865.
Policy holders will please send in particulars of their contributions to that date to the undersigned.
RUSSELL & Co.
tf 1074 Hongkong, 11th September, 1866.

PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY OF SAN FRANCISCO.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents in China for the above INSURANCE COMPANY, are prepared to grant Policies covering Marine Risks at the Current Rates.
RUSSELL & Co.
tf 573 Hongkong, 2nd March, 1867.

PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY. SAN FRANCISCO.

THE Undersigned, Agents for the above Company, are prepared to grant POLICIES against Fire on Buildings and Goods, at current rates.
RUSSELL & Co.
tf 366 Hongkong, 7th February, 1867.

BATAVIA SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents in Hongkong for the above-named Company, are prepared to grant Policies against Sea Risks at current rates.
RUSSELL & Co.
tf 1022 Hongkong, 1st April, 1865.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned, Agents for the above Company, are prepared to accept INSURANCES against FIRE upon European Buildings and Merchandise, and upon Chinese Property.
LYALL, STILL & Co.
122 Hongkong, 20th October, 1864.

HAMBURG, BREMEN, FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned are now authorized to accept assurance against Fire at Hongkong and at any of the open ports in China to the amount of Mexican $30,000 on one Risk.
WM. PURNIAN & Co., *Agents.*
Hongkong, 23rd March, 1864.

THE COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

CAPITAL £3,500,000 FULLY SUBSCRIBED.
THE undersigned having been appointed Agents for this Company are prepared to accept Marine and Fire Risks on the usual terms.
THE BORNEO COMPANY LIMITED.
tf 780 Hongkong, 16th February, 1865.

CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents of the above Company at this Port are prepared to grant Policies against Fire to the extent of $80,000 on Buildings or on Goods stored therein.
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.
tf Hongkong, 24th August, 1864.

REDUCTION OF RATES.

THE Undersigned are prepared to accept short period risks at the following reduced scale viz:—

Not exceeding	1 month ¼ of the annual rate
Above 1 month, and not exceeding	3 " ½ do. do.
Above 3 months and not exceeding	6 " ¾ do. do.
Above 6 months and not exceeding	12 " do. do.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,
Agents, China Fire Insurance Company.
tf 1693 Hongkong, 8th August, 1866.

UNIVERSAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above-named Company at Hongkong, are prepared to grant Policies, payable at any of the following Ports.

London.	Madras.
Calcutta.	Melbourne.
Bombay.	The Cape.
Kurrachee.	Shanghai.

SMITH, KENNEDY & Co.
Hongkong, 1st August, 1863.

NORTHERN INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned, Agents of the above Company, are authorised to accept the following Rates of Premium, for SHORT PERIOD RISKS on First-class Godowns and Goods stored therein.

For 1 month,	¼ of Annual Rate.
For 3 months,	½ do. do.
For 6 do.	¾ do. do.
Above 6 months the full Annual Rates.	

TURNER & Co.
tf 1769 Hongkong, 17th August, 1866.

THE SWISS LLOYD TRANSPORT INSURANCE COMPANY OF WINTERTHUR.

THE Undersigned having been appointed General Agents for China of the above-named Company, are prepared to grant POLICIES against Sea Risks on the usual terms.
SIEMSSEN & Co.
tf 252 Hongkong, 1st January, 1867. [J23

LONDON AND PROVINCIAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to grant POLICIES at the usual terms.
SMITH, KENNEDY & Co.
203 Hongkong, 4th November, 1864.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.
REDUCTION IN THE RATES OF PREMIUM.

Detached & semi-detached Dwelling Houses, removed from town, and their contents.	½ per cent. per annum.
Other dwelling Houses used strictly as such, and their contents.	¾ "
Godowns, Offices, Shops, &c., and their contents.	1 "

GILMAN & Co.,
Agents, North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.
tf 836 Hongkong, 10th March, 1865.

REDUCTION OF RATES.
SUN FIRE OFFICE.

THE Undersigned are prepared to accept SHORT RISKS at the following Reduced Rates.—

Not exceeding	1 month ¼ per cent.
Above 1 month but not exceeding	3 " ½ do.
Above 3 months but not exceeding	6 " ¾ do.
Above 6 months but not exceeding	12 " full annual rate.

ADAM SCOTT & Co., *Agents, Sun Fire Office.*
tf 1729 Hongkong, 13th August, 1866.

MANCHESTER FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF MANCHESTER, AND LONDON.
*Capital—*ONE MILLION STERLING.

THE DIRECTORS have the pleasure to announce the appointment of Messrs. HOLLIDAY WISE & Co., as Agents for this Insurance at Hongkong, Shanghai, Canton, Hankow, and Foochow, who are prepared to grant Insurances at Current Rates, and of whom all needful information may be obtained.
By Order of the Board
JAMES B. NORTHCOTT,
Secretary.

LIFE ASSURANCE.

THE Undersigned have received authority, by a recent Mail, to issue LIFE POLICIES for amounts not exceeding £1,000 without reference to the Head Offices, as was previously required by the Board.
ROBT. S. WALKER & Co.,
Agents, Royal Insurance Company.
555 Hongkong, 7th January, 1866.

Insurances.

CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
REDUCTION IN THE RATES OF PREMIUM.

Detached and semi-detached Dwelling Houses removed from town, and their contents	½ per cent.
Other Dwelling Houses used strictly as such, and their contents.	¾ per cent.
Godowns, Offices, Shops, &c., and their contents.	1 per cent.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.
Agents, China Fire Insurance Company.
tf 873 Hongkong 8th March, 1865.

LONDON AND ORIENTAL STEAM TRANSIT INSURANCE OFFICE.
137, LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON.
JAMES HARTLEY & Co.—*Managers.*
ESTABLISHED 1843.
THE Undersigned is authorised to accept risks on behalf of this Office, by First Class Steamers.
THOS. SUTHERLAND, *Agent.*
tf Hongkong, 17th March, 1863.

REDUCTION OF RATES.

THE Undersigned are prepared to accept short period risks at the following reduced scale viz:—

Not exceeding	1 month ¼ of the annual rate.
Above 1 month, and not exceeding	3 " ½ do. do.
Above 3 months and not exceeding	6 " ¾ do. do.
Above 6 months and not exceeding	12 " the annual rate.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,
Agents, China Fire Insurance Company.
tf 1695 Hongkong, 8th August 1866.

SHORT PERIOD RATES.

Not exceeding	1 month ¼ of the annual rate.
Above 1 month, and not exceeding	3 " ½ do. do.
Above 3 months and not exceeding	6 " ¾ do. do.
Above 6 months and not exceeding	12 " the annual rate.

GILMAN & Co.
Agents, North British & Mercantile Insurance Company.
tf 1702 Hongkong, 9th August, 1866.

PHŒNIX ASSURANCE.

UNTIL further notice the following Annual Rates will be charged for Fire Insurance viz:—

Detached and semi-detached Dwelling Houses removed from town, and their contents.	½ per cent.
Other Dwelling Houses used strictly as such, and their contents.	¾ per cent.
Godowns, Offices, Shops, &c., and their contents.	1 per cent.

SMITH, KENNEDY & Co.
Agents Phœnix Assurance.
tf 870 Hongkong, 8th March, 1865.

CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL Tls. 2,000,0000,
in 400 Shares, of Tls. 5,000 each,
Paid-up Capital, Tls. 200,000.
Directors.
GEORGE TYSON, Esq., (Messrs. Russell & Co.)—*Chairman.*
J. H. BELL, Esq., (Messrs. W. R. Adamson & Co.)
F. PORTER, Esq., (Messrs. Gibb, Livingston & Co.)
J. THORNE, Esq., (Messrs. Thorne Bros. & Co.)
R. R. TYERS, Esq., (Messrs. Olyphant & Co.)
A. J. HOW, Esq., (Messrs. Johnson & Co.)
Agencies are established at the several ports of China and Japan.
L. JOSEPHS, *Secretary.*
Shanghai, 22nd August, 1864.

DE OOSTERLING
SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF BATAVIA.

SAMARANG SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF SAMARANG.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents in Hongkong, for the above-named Companies, are prepared to grant Policies against Sea Risks on the usual terms.
SIEMSSEN & Co.
tf 1676 Hongkong, 3rd August, 1866.

FRENCH RESTAURANT.
No. 2, Hospital Road.

ROOMS for FAMILIES and Private APARTMENTS.
TABLE D'HOTE; RESTAURANT.
Open at all hours of the Day and Night. Garden and Baths. French Attendance.
tf 19 Macao, 2nd January, 1867.

RESTAURANT FRANCAIS.
Rue d'Hospital, No. 2.

CHAMBRE pour FAMILLE, ici particulière TABLE D'HOTE, RESTAURANT & tout heure du Jour et de la Nuit. Jardin et Bain. Service Français, &c.
tf 20 Macao, 2 Janvier, 1867.

Business Announcements.

DEPOTS of Labuan Coal have been established at the undermentioned Ports.
Swatow.....Messrs. Bradley & Co.
Amoy.....Messrs. Biles & Co.
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.
tf 2430 Labuan 1st August, 1865.

A CARD.

TH. H ELMENHORST, JR. SHIPBROKER.
tf 2494 Hongkong, 12th November, 1866.

MRS. BONNETT.

MILLINERY AND DRESSMAKING, IN THE NEWEST FASHION.
SHOW ROOM FOR LADIES'
No. 1, Wyndham Street.
ly 212 HONGKONG. [J 22

MRS. VINTON'S PRIVATE FAMILY BOARDING ESTABLISHMENT.
Hollywood Road, next door to the HOTEL DE EUROPE.
tf 661 Hongkong, 12th March, 1867.

ATACK, SHIPS' COMPRADORE SUPPLIES
FRESH BEEF, at 8 cents per lb.
Do. BREAD, 9 do.
Do. FISH, 10 do.
Do. VEGETABLES, at 2½ cents per lb
No. 16, *Tung-man Lane.*
3m 492 Hongkong, 20th February, 1867.

TO HOUSEKEEPERS & SHIP-MASTERS
JOHN PATERSON,
Late with Messrs. LOGAN & Co.
House and Ship Plumber, Gas Fitter, and Zinc Worker.
Praya West, Acheong's Yard, next to Mr. LOGAN.
tf 1150 Hongkong, 15th April, 1865.

WM. SCHMIDT & Co. hereby beg to give notice of their having REMOVED TODAY, to *Peel Street*, opposite the HOTEL DU LOUVRE, and beg to solicit a continuance of the patronage hitherto so liberally bestowed upon them.
3m 565 Hongkong, 1st March, 1867.

VICTORIA DISPENSARY.

MR. GLASSE begs to thank his friends and the Public for the very liberal support they have already so kindly bestowed on him, and assures them that nothing on his part shall be wanting to merit its continuance and increase. His DISPENSARY is now in thorough working order, and is replete with every requisite for carrying on a first class DISPENSARY at prices as moderate as is consistent with purity of Drugs.
tf 703 Hongkong, 18th March, 1867.

HARMONIUMS & BANJOES, ENGLISH CONCERTINAS, VIOLINCELLO and other Strings. An assortment of New Music, Pianofortes and other instruments tuned and repaired. Instructions to be had in music. Also a Quadrille Band for Balls, and Picnics
C. WAGNER, 28, *Hollywood Road.*
6m 2404 Hongkong, 2nd November, 1866.

HONGKONG BAKERY.

DORABJEE NOWROJEE begs to inform the Public, that he has established a *Bakery*, Fancy Pastry and Confectionery Business on his premises, Queen's Road, opposite the Oriental Bank, and hopes from his long experience and careful attention to merit the patronage and support of the Public.
Hongkong, 4th August, 1866.

M. VOLKMANN,
PRIVATE BOARDING AND LODGING,
No. 10, Hollywood Road,
HONGKONG.
tf 431 Hongkong, 12th February, 1867.

YUE-CHEONG.
TEPAH TEA DEALER,
BEGS to inform the community that he has received his supply of New Seasons Teas, comprising choice Oolong, Pekoe and Souchong.
tf 1828 Hongkong, 5th July, 1865.

榮記 WING KEE. 興隆大街
HONGKONG.
ENDICOTT'S BAZAAR, No. 15.
Has for sale
COALS OF ALL KINDS.
炭
ly 1227 Hongkong, 13th June, 1865.

HING-KEE, COMPRADORE;
No. 12, Central Market East;
QUEEN'S ROAD, HONGKONG; AND HONAM, CANTON, has always on hand Provisions and Food of all kinds for the supply of Vessels and Houses. Prices moderate.
ly 1065 Hongkong, 26th May, 1866.

合 WING HOP & CO. 泰
DEALERS IN FRESH & CORNED BEEF FROM WHAMPOA.
Provisions supplied at moderate Terms.
No. 22 Central Market,
3m 244] HONGKONG. [J23

W M. DOLAN,
SAIL MAKER, &c.,
Duddell Street,
Opposite the French Consulate.
tf 631 Hongkong, 3rd April, 1866.

Business Announcements.

DENTISTRY.

THE Undersigned, having just received from San Francisco, a large supply of DENTAL MATERIALS, is prepared to execute all kinds of Operative and Mechanical Work, at reasonable rates, and in all cases guaranteeing satisfaction.
Address No. 2, *Pedders Hill*, (opposite St Paul's College) or Hotel d'Europe.
J. S. BURLINGHAM.
tf 738 Hongkong, 22nd March, 1867.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

J. L. LIEBERMANN begs to announce that he has REMOVED his BUSINESS, known as the QUEEN'S ROAD EXCHANGE from 94 *Queen's Road*, to 28 *Queen's Road*, adjoining the HONGKONG DISPENSARY, where he solicits a continuance of the liberal patronage hitherto bestowed on him.
The NEW PLACE of BUSINESS will be OPENED on the 5th April next.
J. L. LIEBERMANN,
Queen's Road Exchange.
3m 727 Hongkong, 21st March, 1867.

HOTEL DU LOUVRE.
5, *Peel Street,*
HONGKONG.
BY G. CALLAMOSCA & Co.

THE above Establishment recommends itself by good attendance and moderate charges.

BOARD and LODGING per day	$2.00.
BREAKFAST	50.
TIFFIN	50.
DINNER	$1.00.

HOURS OF SERVICE.

BREAKFAST	at 9 A.M. to 12 Noon.
TIFFIN	" 1 P.M. to 2 P.M.
DINNER	" 6 " to 10 "

All sorts of Wines, Beer, Porter, Brandy, &c., &c., from the best markets.
French attendance, English services.
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